

MUSCOGIANA



FALL 2015

VOLUME 26

NUMBER 2

MUSCOGIANA
Journal of the Muscogee Genealogical Society

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Book reviews of both local titles and general genealogical monographs are accepted for inclusion in *Muscogiana*. Reviews should be 350-750 words, and should contain an overview of the work and an analysis on the value of the work to genealogists and other researchers in the region.

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On the cover: Sidney Goldberg Simons, Courtesy of the Simons Family

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From the Editor

Muscogiana has always been a journal with multiple purposes; an outlet for narrative histories of important events in our community's past, a research resource for genealogists, and a forum for discussion of scholarship concerning local history. In this issue of *Muscogiana*, we offer a selection of articles that well represent these multiple purposes and I think genuinely has something for everyone.

We lead off this edition with a contribution by esteemed authority on local history and frequent journal contributor Dr. Virginia Causey. Her article, written with the assistance of members of the Simons family, offers an insightful look at the life and times of Sidney Simons. Simons was a remarkable man descended from one of our most influential Jewish families, and this article provides both biography and context for his life and times. Most Columbusites recognize his name from the street honoring him, but few know much about the man—until now. Since this issue follows on the heels of a packed "Civil War Sesquicentennial" edition, we devoted most of the rest of this edition to including some information associated with the Civil War era that I think will be invaluable for researchers now and in the future. In the first, Callie McGinnis gives us her list of Union soldiers buried in Linwood Cemetery and later reinterred in Andersonville National Cemetery as determined through extensive research. Starting with the current listing available from Andersonville, she has identified several previously unknown soldiers and provides us with the most complete account of this subject to be published. Next, we feature an article compiled by Dan Olds listing all Confederate Soldiers buried in Linwood. The original listing is in the possession of the cemetery. It is admittedly a rather long listing, but we felt it was important to include it in this journal, especially as we wrap up our focus on Columbus' Civil War years. Lastly, we continue our book review section with two thoughtful reviews. The first is of Billy Winn's recent book, *The Triumph of the Ecunnau-Nuxulgee: Land Speculators, George M. Troup, State Rights, and the Removal of the Creek Indians from Georgia and Alabama, 1825-38*, by Dr. Gary Sprayberry. The book is an important study which is sure to become a landmark reference on one of this region's most unfortunate but critically important sagas. The next is by talented Columbus State University student Abby Gibbons, who takes a look at Faith Serafin's *Haunted Columbus, Georgia*.

I hope you will enjoy this issue of *Muscogiana*, and join me expressing appreciation of the hard work and talent of our contributors.

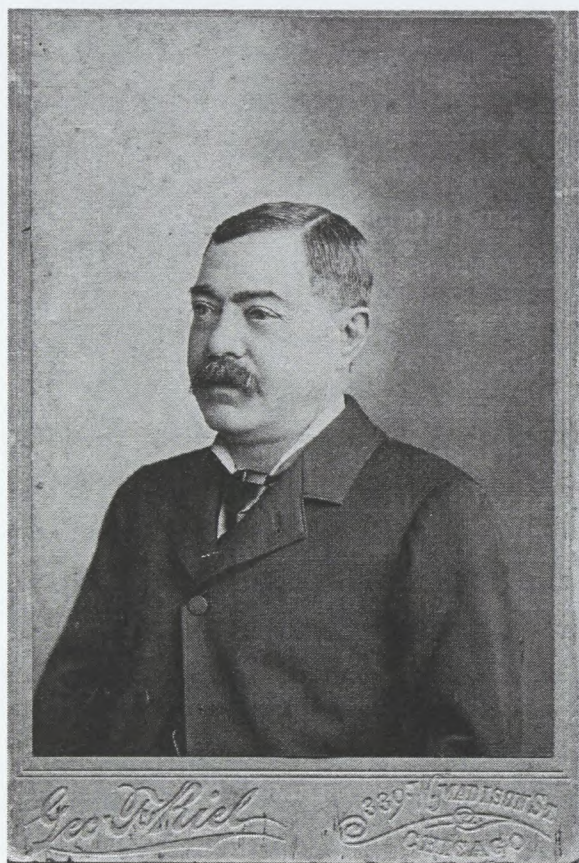
Mike Bunn, Editor

Sidney Simons: The Man Behind the Boulevard

By Virginia Causey, Jean Simons Hyman, and Sydney Simons

In 2004, the Woodruff Company developed the upscale shopping center, The Landings, in north Columbus. The street connecting Armour Road and Airport Thoroughway that passes through it is Sidney Simons Boulevard. Many people in Columbus today use that street but probably don't know the man behind the name. Sidney Goldberg Simons and his family provide the story not only of one remarkable man, but also a glimpse inside Columbus' Jewish community through the 19th and 20th centuries.¹

The Simons Family Background



Moses Simon, Courtesy of the Simons family

Sidney Simons' story in the United States began with his grandfather Moses Simons. Moses was born October 21, 1840, at Hardenberg, Holland. Moses and his family in 1845 emigrated to the United States, arriving in Baltimore and settling in Williamsburg, New York. Moses married Sarah (last name unknown) who was born in Nassau, Germany, on January 8, 1830. Moses and Sarah had two children in New York: Max, born 1866, and Rachael, born 1868. The 1870 census finds them living in Columbus in a household that included two domestic servants, a young male boarder, and Louis Lowenthal, a clerk in his family's grocery store where Moses worked. Moses' personal estate was listed at \$1000, indicating he was fairly well off at age 29.²

¹ The Woodruff Company, "The Landings," <http://shopthelandings.com/about-us/>.

² 1870 U.S. Census, Muscogee County, Georgia, population schedule.

Columbus' Jewish Community

Columbus' early Jewish citizens were mainly merchants. Jews faced almost insuperable barriers into professional occupations well into the 20th century, so they often turned instead to commerce. In 1854, twenty Jewish families formed Temple B'Nai Israel, the second oldest temple in Georgia. They rented a temporary place for worship at present 5th Avenue and 10th Street in 1856 and bought a wooden building for the temple at the corner of 4th Avenue and 10th in 1866. Most of Columbus' pre-Civil War Jewish merchants left the city by 1870, including the original twenty families that founded the temple. Anti-Semitism may have been a factor, but it appears making money was the stronger motive, especially as Atlanta became Georgia's economic engine. Thomasville and Talbotton had attempted to expel Jewish merchants during the Civil War. The Straus family of Talbotton, the only Jews in the county, moved to Columbus in 1863 as a result, even though every member of the Talbot County Grand Jury who had denounced Jews asked Lazarus Straus to stay. The family left for Philadelphia in 1865 and from there moved to New York where they eventually owned Macy's Department Store. Apparently financial opportunity was more the motive than escape from Columbus' discrimination. The *Enquirer* reprinted a Chicago article in December 1865 praising Jews as "the moral and intellectual and artistic teachers of the world," and there is no expression of overt anti-Semitism in the paper in the postwar years. When the Jewish ladies held a fair in 1886 to raise funds for building a new temple, the *Enquirer-Sun* urged citizens to attend. "Houses of worship belong not to creeds alone," the editor observed, "but also to the community at large. . . ." A week later when the fair opened, the mayor pointed out that the Jewish community was ever ready to extend a helping hand and urged the public to respond "with open-handed liberality" in supporting the Byzantine-style temple, "an ornament" to Columbus. The Reconstruction-era Ku Klux Klan, unlike its early 20th century reiteration, did not target Jewish merchants. As historian Stephen Whitfield asks, "Who else would have sold Klansmen their denim, their shoes, and even their sheets?" Howard Rabinowitz argues that the late 19th century South was among the least anti-Semitic regions in the nation, outwardly accepting all white Southern men as equals. Perhaps that explained the influx of Jewish peddlers and merchants, including Moses Simons, into Columbus by the 1880s.³

Most of the prewar merchants were Germanic Jews, like Moses Simons. German

³ John Lupold, "Like an Extended Family: Israelites in Early Columbus," unpublished manuscript, Lupold Collection, Series 7, Box 1, Folder 15, Columbus State University Archives; "Columbus, Georgia," *Encyclopedia of Southern Jewish Communities*, Goldring/Woldenberg Institute of Southern Jewish Life, <http://www.isjl.org/georgia-columbus-encyclopedia.html>, accessed Jan. 6, 2015; Anton Heike, *Jewish Identity in the Reconstruction South: Ambivalence and Adaptation* (Berlin: Walter de Gruyter, 2013), 146-147; Oscar S. Straus, *Under Four Administrations: From Cleveland to Taft* (Boston: Houghton Mifflin Co., The Riverside Press, Cambridge, 1922), 21; *Enquirer*, Dec. 2, 1865; *Enquirer-Sun*, Dec. 9 and 14, 1878, "The Jewish Fair," Dec. 9, 1886, and "A Brilliant Beginning," Dec. 15, 1886; Stephen J. Whitfield, "Jewish Fates, Altered States," in *Jewish Roots in Southern Soil: A New History*, edited by Marcie Ferris and Mark I. Greenberg (Waltham, MA: Brandeis University Press, 2006), 314; Howard Rabinowitz, *Race, Ethnicity, and Urbanism: Selected Essays* (Columbia: University of Missouri Press, 1994), 266.

immigrants made up a good portion of postwar Columbus merchants, but the eastern European anti-Semitism that drove out thousands of Jews in the late 19th century pushed forty to fifty families of Russian and Polish Jews to Columbus by the 1880s. They settled on both sides of 4th Avenue between 8th and 9th Streets. Those without English or formal education often started as peddlers, carrying goods on their backs or in mule-drawn wagons into the countryside to sell to black and white farm families. Most were Orthodox and faced the difficulties of keeping Kosher in the rural Deep South. One peddler lived on hard-boiled eggs, homemade pumpernickel, and coffee on the road, refusing biscuits from farm wives because they contained lard. Many Christians in Columbus made fun of the peddlers. Young boys hollered epithets and threw rocks at them. The two Jewish factions stayed within their own communities until the 1930s.⁴

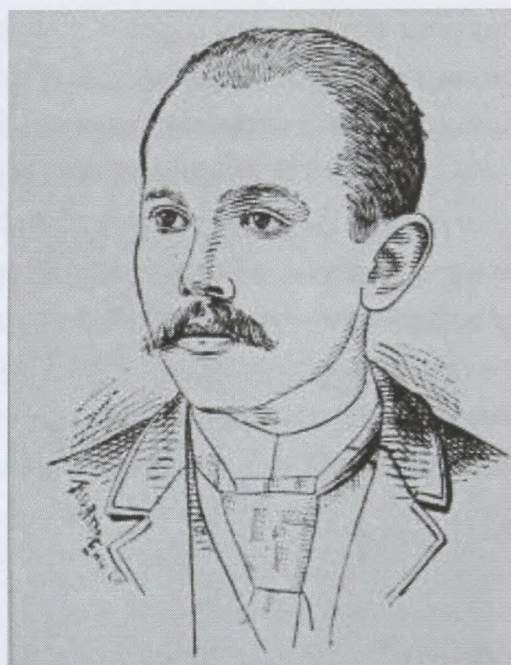


Temple B'Nai Israel, from Lowcountry Digital Library, <http://lcdl.library.cofc.edu/lcdl/catalog/lcdl:37573>

⁴ David Gerson interview, New South Miscellany, Emory University Manuscript, Archives, and Rare Book Library, MSS 49, Box 1, folder 9; *Columbus: Her Trade, Commerce, and Industries, 1892-93*, edited by J.E. Land (Columbus,: J.E. Land Publishing Company, 1892), 75-135; Lynn Willoughby, *Judge Aaron Cohn: Memoirs of a First Generation American* (www.amazon.com: BookSurge Publishing, 2008), 15-16; Mary Margaret Byrne, interviewed by Becky Matthews, Feb. 19 and 26, 1975, transcript, General Oral History Collection, Columbus State University Archives.



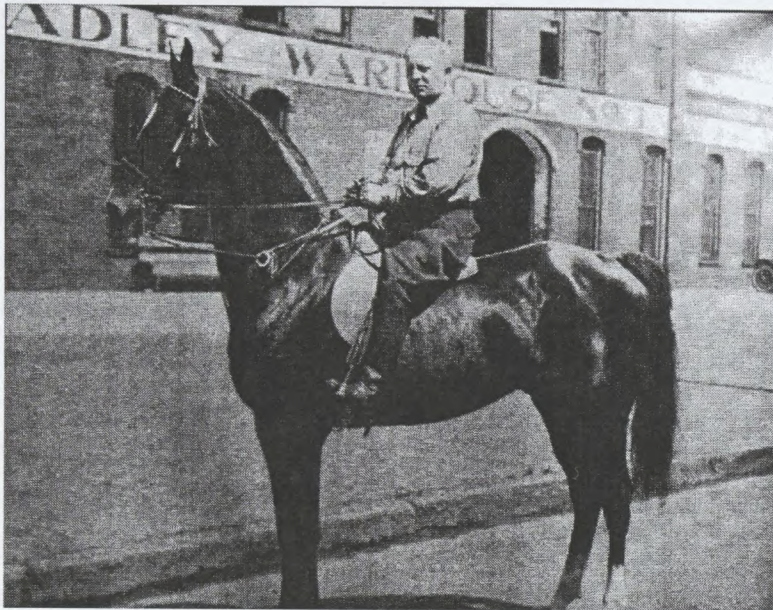
David Rothschild Company, 1888
 From David Rothschild Co., Inc.,
http://www.davidrothschildco.com/history_%20of_%20david_%20rothschild_%20co.htm



David Rothschild
 From J.E. Land, ed., *Columbus: Her Trade Commerce, and Industries, 1892-93*

At least fifteen Jewish merchants operated dry goods stores in town by the turn of the 20th century, with others in groceries, hardware, jewelry, and livestock. David Rothschild founded his wholesale dry goods company on Broad Street in 1886, sending his sales force out into the countryside in horse-drawn wagons. By the 1940s, the company specialized in custom upholstery and drapery fabrics. The company is still headquartered in downtown Columbus. Solomon Loeb arrived in Columbus from Bavaria in 1869 to join his brother-in-law in a dry goods store that evolved into a wholesale grocery and liquor business. After his partner died, it became the Sol Loeb Wholesale Grocery Company. Prohibition in 1907 forced a focus on the grocery side of the business, "marketing nationally known merchandise on a controlled basis." In 1944, the company moved into a large warehouse at the corner of 9th Street and Front Avenue, which his descendants operated until recently. It was renovated in 2001 and now houses the Columbus Visitors Bureau. Simon Schwob, a tailor from Alsace, came to Columbus in 1911 and the next year opened a shop selling suits he made. His "Standard Tailoring Company" sold 29 suits the first Saturday it was open. Schwob operated from several locations on Broadway until establishing his Schwobilt factory, home office, and retail store in the 900 block in what is now the Hardaway Building. By 1950, the company produced 4000 suits per week under the slogan "Schwobilt Suits the South." He and his wife Ruth contributed millions to build the Schwob Library and the Schwob School of Music at Columbus State University. Lithuanians Max and Frank Cohn landed in Columbus soon after the turn of

the century. Max opened a clothing store, and Frank started a scrap metal business. They brought their mother, five sisters, and brother Sam to Columbus in 1906. Sam Cohn established a profitable horse and mule trading business, eventually building a brick stable at Front Avenue and 11th Street. Cohn sold livestock to elite plantation owners, but also to black and white sharecroppers, often carrying debts for poor farmers for years. His son Aaron later served 46 years as a Muscogee County juvenile court judge, well-known for that same soft spot for those in need.⁵



Sam Cohn near his downtown livery stable

From *Judge Aaron Cohn: Memoirs of a First-Generation American*,
by Lynn Willoughby



Judge Aaron Cohn

From Striffler-Hamby Mortuary
<http://obits.dignitymemorial.com>

⁵ J.A. Walker, *The Industries of Georgia, her Advantages as a Business Centre, Manufacturing Locality, and Healthful Habitation* (Columbus: Thos. Gilbert, 1887), 41-80; *Columbus, Georgia City Directory for 1898-1899*; "Company History--Spanning Three Centuries," David Rothschild Company, Inc., http://www.davidrothschildco.com/history_%20of_%20david_%20rothschild_%20co.htm, accessed March 21, 2014; J.B. Karfunkle, "Sol Loeb Warehouse," 1977, Historic American Engineering Record Collection, MC 14, Box 2, Folder 5; Sol Loeb Scrapbook (microfilm), Columbus State University Archives; Mrs. W.M. Fambrough, "The Enquirer, Which Chronicled Establishment of Columbus, Still Recording City's Progress," *Enquirer*, March 25, 1950; Stuart Rockoff, "The Jews of Columbus, Part II," *The Jewish Georgian* 24, no. 3 (2012), 29; Willoughby, *Judge Aaron Cohn*, 10-30; Richard Hyatt, "Judge Aaron Cohn Dies at 96," *Ledger-Enquirer*, July 5, 2012.

Moses and Max Simons

Max Simons
Courtesy of the Simons family



Moses Simons became a prominent member of this community, respected by both Jews and Gentiles. He first worked as a grocer for L. Lowenthal & Co. on current 6th Avenue at 10th Street between a Jewish and an African American neighborhood. His family grew with Herman born in 1871 and Louis in 1873. By 1874 Moses was a partner with Lowenthal, and in 1886 owned his own general merchandise store at 522 8th Street in what is now the Liberty District, across from and just north of today's Ma Rainey House Museum. It was common for Jewish merchants to act as "middle-men," serving African American customers not welcome at other white-owned stores. Despite religious and cultural differences, Christian whites extended fundamental privileges and rights to Jews because of their skin color, but the merchants had to walk a fine line in obeying the rules of the Jim Crow system. Still, Jewish merchants often earned a reputation among African Americans for treating them with more respect than other white merchants, possibly because they shared the experience of discrimination. Jewish merchants were also often the only ones willing to extend credit to African Americans. In addition to following the strictures of the racial caste system, Jewish stores had to be open on Saturdays, though many closed for religious holidays. The Columbus newspaper observed that more than fifty Jewish stores closed for Yom Kippur in 1891.⁶

Moses' eldest son Max graduated from high school and in 1880 began clerking for his father. In 1889, Max went on his own to open "M. Simons & Co. Grocers" on Broad Street while Moses formed a partnership with Max Julius to carry on his store on 8th Street until his death in 1903 of "dropsy," an old term for edema probably related to heart failure. His wife Sarah had died in 1899, eulogized by the *Enquirer-Sun* as "a Beloved Hebrew Lady" who "did much practical good" as a member of the B'Nai Israel Ladies Aid Society. By 1894, Max moved into larger quarters on Broad at the northwest corner of 11th Street and added a saloon in his grocery. By then, the local chapter of the Women's Christian Temperance Union lobbied persistently to outlaw liquor in Muscogee County. Though 125 of Georgia's 145 counties outlawed liquor by 1907, Muscogee never followed suit. Liquor interests were important in the local economy, generating \$20,000 in tax revenue and more than half a million dollars in sales. Most businessmen, led by Mayor L.H. Chappell, strongly supported a local option so they could continue to

⁶ 1880 U.S. Census, Muscogee County, Georgia, population schedule; *Columbus City Directory*, 1878, 1886, 1889, 1898-99; Clive Webb, "Jewish Merchants and Black Customers in the Age of Jim Crow," *Southern Jewish History* 2., no. 1 (1999): 1, 58-65; "Columbus," *Encyclopedia of Southern Jewish Communities*.

block a liquor ban. The fight became uglier as the legislature moved toward state-wide prohibition. After Atlanta newspapers blamed Jewish saloons for contributing to the terrible race riot there in 1906, a local prohibitionist belittled the city council's support for local option "by spleening his venom on the Jew," citing a conspiracy among Jewish liquor interests. Max Simons responded in a letter to editor, pointing out that Jews owned only five of the city's 40 saloons. He admitted Jews generally were not prohibitionists, but were for temperance and moderation. Jews, he declared, followed the laws of the country and the laws of God. Despite local businessmen's opposition, Georgia passed prohibition in 1907. Max likely adapted by selling some liquor for its "medicinal" value and a lot of "temperance beverages," including Hires Root Beer and Coca-Cola.⁷

Barred from membership in the Country Club, the Big Eddy Club, and the businessmen's Muscogee Club downtown, Columbus' Jews formed their own exclusive social clubs. The influx of Ashkenazi Jews in the late 19th century created a split within the local community. They founded the orthodox Chevra Sharis Israel Synagogue and in 1907 chartered the Standard Club, "an organization for recreation, pleasure, social, and literary entertainment of its members." The more assimilated Germanic Jews like Max Simons attended Temple B'Nai Israel and created the Harmony Club in 1909. It had originated in 1870 as Columbus Condordia, intended to ease the "monotonous evenings and Sundays in this city." In 1874, Jewish women founded the Daughters of Israel as a charitable organization. The group changed its name to the Jewish Ladies Aid Society in the late 1880s. Its members worked to benefit education. It donated furniture and equipment to the City Hospital and raised money for healthier babies. In 1924, the Ladies Aid Society began the "Milk Fund" to provide milk to students who could not afford it. The Century Club, a social and educational club founded in 1900 by Sophie Browne, mother-in-law of Max Simons' brother-in-law and the wife of the Temple Israel Rabbi E.B.M. Browne, accepted Christian and Germanic Jewish upper-class women and met often at the Harmony Club.⁸

⁷ *Enquirer-Sun*, "Notice of Dissolution" and "New Firm," Feb. 2, 1889, "Moses Simons Passes Away," Feb. 22, 1903, "Mrs. M. Simons Dead," Oct. 17, 1899, "Columbus and State Prohibition," July 31, 1907, "Columbus Men Speak Against Prohibition," July 13, 1907, "With Reference to Committee Hearing," July 17, 1907, and "The City Council Refused to Change the Liquor Limits," Dec. 29, 1906; *Columbus: Her Trade, Commerce, and Industries*, 35; Webb, 65.

⁸ *Enquirer-Sun*, "Standard Club Asks for Charter," Dec. 7, 1907, "Application for Charter," Oct. 8, 1909, "Festival at Wildwood Park," Aug. 19, 1888, "Christmas Market to be Continued," Dec. 7, 1913, "Donations to City Hospital," Dec. 10, 1915, "\$900 Raised Here for Better Babies," May 8, 1921, and Mrs. J.S. Gordy, "Century Club Card Party Lovely," June 8, 1919; "Columbus, Georgia," *Encyclopedia of Southern Jewish Communities*, Lupold, *Columbus, Georgia, 1828-1978* (Columbus: Columbus Sesquicentennial, Inc., 1978), 107.



Jennie Goldberg Simons, Courtesy of the Simons Family

Max married Jennie Goldberg of Macon in 1892. She had been born in 1871 in Oswego, New York. Their family quickly grew, with Sidney born in 1893, Harry in 1895, Ruth in 1896, and Charles in 1898. Tragically, Max died at only 40 years old in 1907, an "esteemed citizen" of the city. Rhodes Brown, president of the First National Bank and the Georgia Home Insurance Company and elected mayor later that year, was an honorary pallbearer. Jennie kept the business going briefly, but in early 1908 sold the corner store to Abe Straus and Wood Howard who opened a grocery. Sidney at age 14 left school and became the provider for the family. He worked as first a clerk, then a drummer (a traveling salesman), for his uncle Ben Gerson's dry goods business at

1219 5th Avenue, located again between a white and an African American neighborhood. Ben Gerson and his wife, Jennie's sister Yetta, lived with the Simons family at 1339 3rd Avenue until after 1920. Sidney enlisted in the Navy in 1916 and was stationed at Norfolk until the end of World War I in 1918.⁹

Sidney Simons, Entrepreneur and Family Man

Sidney made his first fortune with the Southland Pecan Company he organized just before World War I, selling two barrels of shelled pecans the first year. Initially located at 1113 4th Avenue, by 1921 the company shipped pecans all over the U.S. and Canada. The newspaper called him "The Nut King." The company's stationery proclaimed, "Where the Unusual Is the Usual." Sidney incorporated his business in 1926. He owned a trademark on the name "Gold Medal Pecans." Sold internationally to confectionaries, bakers, and grocers, pecan shipments that year topped 12 million pounds, making Southland the world's largest pecan factor. Sidney patented pecan shellers and processing equipment and housed them in his new factory at 701 10th Avenue constructed in 1926. Even in the depths of the Depression in 1933, Southland Pecan hired 500 workers. Its business was so brisk that it mailed more

⁹ *Enquirer-Sun*, "Simons-Goldberg," June 6, 1892, "Mr. Max Simons Passes Away," Aug. 29, 1907, "'Straus & Howard' A Grocery Firm," Feb. 9, 1908, and "Post C Held Election," Jan. 11, 1914; "Pecans," *New Georgia Encyclopedia*, <http://www.georgiaencyclopedia.org/articles/business-economy/pecans>, accessed April 5, 2015; 1900, 1910, 1920 U.S. Census, Muscogee County, Georgia, population schedule; *Columbus City Directory*, 1912, 1920.

packages from Columbus than any other city institution. In 1937, Sidney bought land on Andrews Road adjacent to a railroad spur and built a larger plant.¹⁰



Courtesy of the Collection of the Columbus Museum
Museum purchase made possible by the Evelyn S. and H. Wayne Patterson Fund G. 2012.6

While stationed at Norfolk in the Navy, Sidney was invited to dinner on several occasions at the home of Jennie and David Sommers. Perhaps something about their 6-year-old daughter Sara caught Sidney's eye. In 1931, he returned to Norfolk and reunited with the Sommers family. Sara, now 20, and Sidney, 37, fell in love and married on July 27, 1932. They returned to Columbus in August to live with his mother Jennie and sister Ruth at 1326 Wynnton Road. They moved to 1237 Peacock Avenue in 1934 after the birth of daughter Jean, and soon after to 1315 Eberhart Avenue. Sidney built a house at 1510 Eberhart in 1937 designed by Atlanta architect Isaac Moscovitz (who was married to a cousin, Fannie Wixelbaum). Daughter Sydney was born there two years later. He called the wooded property "Ah, Wilderness" because in the 1930s it seemed to be in the country. The Simons family lived there for the next fifty years. Sidney loved flowers and working in the big yard. His rose garden bloomed in the side yard. Crabapple trees dropped their blossoms along the street. Once a truck stopped and its driver cut large branches of crabapples, returning a few days later to share jars of jelly. His daffodils swept down the hill in front of the house. A neighbor boy, Rolfe Neal, once stole some for his mother. He became the editor of the *Charlotte Observer*, and in a Mother's Day column years later, he apologized for the theft. Sara forgave him in a sweet letter. Sidney planted camellia bushes across the back yard that still live. On

¹⁰ *Ledger*, H.L. Watkins, "Vanity Fair," Dec. 25, 1921; *Enquirer-Sun*, "Legal Notices," July 18, 1924, "Pecan Company to Build Plant," Sept. 26, 1926, and "Millions of Pounds of Pecans Purchased Yearly by Local Company," Feb. 19, 1933; "Gold Medal Pecan Extension," *American Nut Journal* 12, no. 1 (1920), 23.

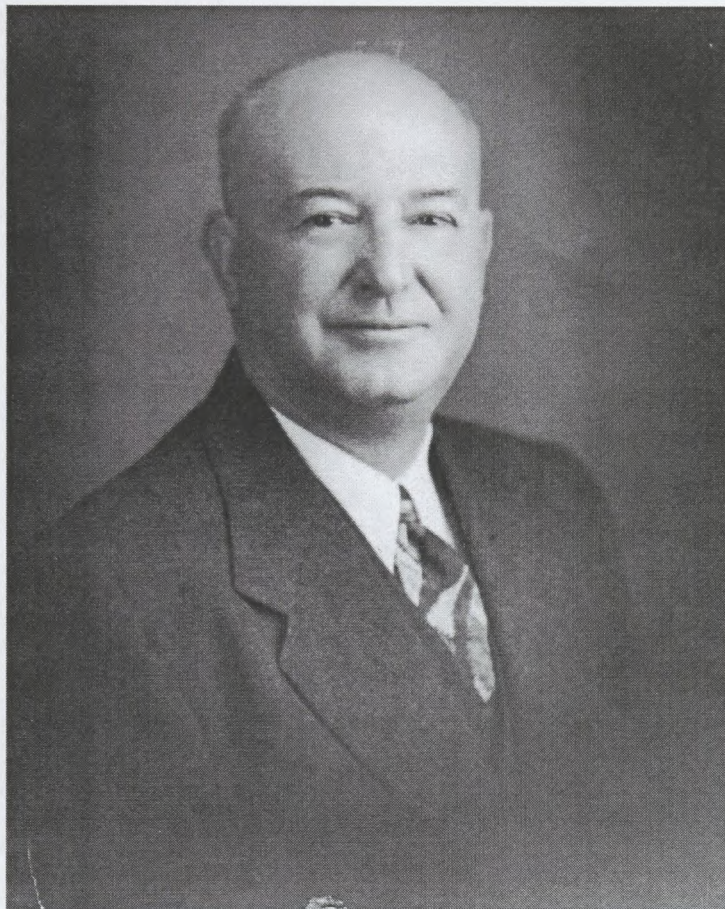
Saturdays, he lined old dress boxes with waxed paper and cut camellias to take to local hospitals or to polio patients at the Warm Springs Institute. Sidney planted a field of gladiolus in front of his pecan plant on Andrews Road. Jennie lived in Los Angeles with her daughter Ruth from 1940 until she became ill, returning to Columbus about 1950. She died in 1955 and is buried in Riverdale Cemetery next to Max.¹¹



1510 Eberhart with daffodils, courtesy of the Simons family

¹¹ *Enquirer*, "Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Simons Honored Today at Beautiful Reception by Mrs. Simons," Aug. 21, 1932; "Mrs. Max Simons Passes," Dec. 28, 1955; *Columbus City Directory*, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1938, 1940, 1966, 1967, 1971.

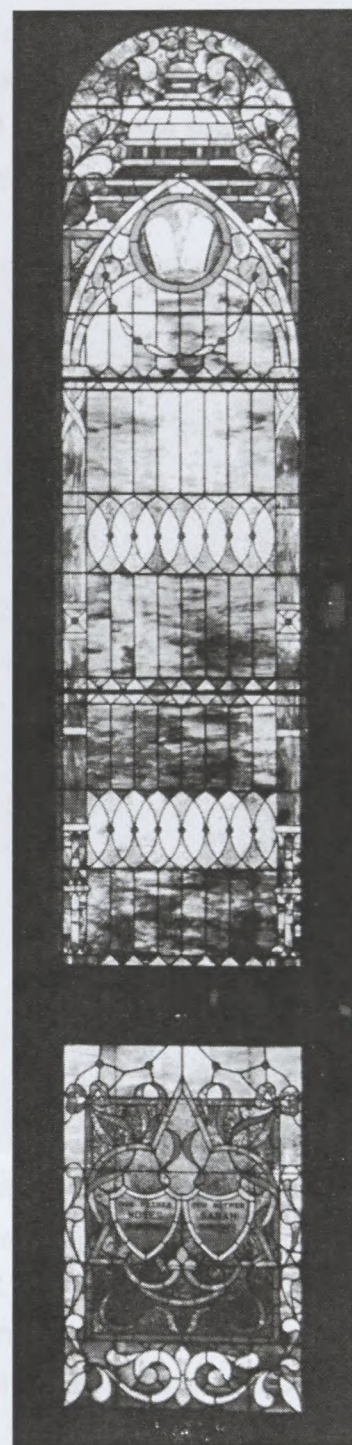
Sidney Goldberg Simons
Courtesy of the Simons family



In 1941, when Sidney could not find storage space for his pecans, he built a refrigerated warehouse next to Southland Pecan and started a new company, U.S. Security Warehouse. He was motivated to preserve a larger supply after several years of bad pecan crops. His daughter Jean remembered Sidney at the dinner table reading aloud about the discovery of meat preserved in ice in Alaska. He experimented with different temperatures to find the ideal for keeping pecans. This business eventually became even bigger than Southland Pecan. U.S. Security Warehouse also stored peanuts for Jimmy Carter's family, frozen vegetables from McKenzie and Company in Moultrie, and food for Fort Benning. Sydney's first husband Maury Klumok went to work for U.S. Security Warehouse in the 1960s, learned the business from Sidney, and eventually took control when Sidney became ill. A major step in its growth was buying out the local competition, the Atlantic Company, in 1966. After Sidney's death in 1968, Klumok bought additional warehouses in Georgia and Alabama. At that point, Sara, Jean, and Sydney were no longer involved in the ownership of the company, since Maury had different partners with the various new warehouses. On December 31, 1981, U.S. Security Warehouse merged with two other companies to form MRW with headquarters in Atlanta. It is now Americold, based in New York and the largest refrigerated warehouse company in the world.¹²

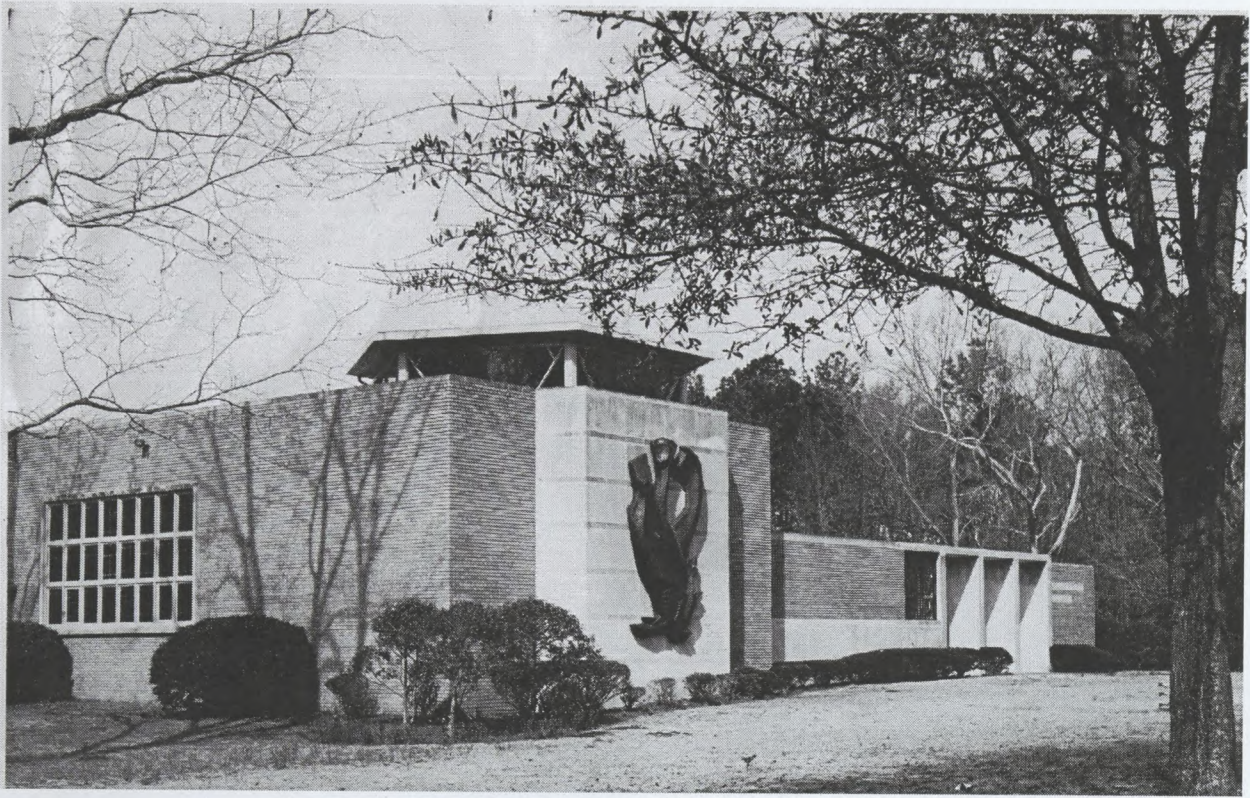
¹² *Columbus City Directory*, 1941; Americold, <http://www.americold.com>, accessed Mar.18, 2015.

Sidney and Sara were deeply involved in their community. Both were active members of Temple Israel, Sidney serving on the Board of Trustees for many years and Sara in the Ladies Aid Society. The Simons family had donated three stained glass windows to the old Temple downtown. The largest was dedicated to "Our Father Moses Simons and Our Mother Sarah Simons," so was probably given by Max and Jennie. Two windows over the entrance to the sanctuary were probably donated by Jennie and her family since they were in memory of her mother and of Max. Sidney and Sara Simons also established a trust fund for Temple Israel. Sara was a member of the Century Club. She volunteered at the Medical Center as a pink lady for thirty years and was in the Medical Center Auxiliary. During World War II she volunteered with the USO and Red Cross and raised funds for Bundles for Britain. Sidney was a director of the Rotary Club, a director of the Chamber of Commerce serving as chairman of the Highway Committee, and served on the YMCA and Medical Center boards. As a member of various county and municipal planning boards and commissions, Sidney worked to develop south and east Columbus, particularly the Andrews Road/Buena Vista Road/Martin Luther King Boulevard area and the Bull Creek watershed. He was also a devoted family man, putting his beloved Sara "on a pedestal way up there." In an old Rotary Club directory where other men listed golf or tennis as hobbies, Sidney's was "listening to the radio." He was a homebody. His friends called him "lawyer" because he liked to argue. Sidney died on December 13, 1968. In a eulogy for his old friend, *Enquirer* columnist W.C. Woodall explained, "Some called him controversial. But you always knew where you stood." After Sidney's death, Sara commissioned sculptor Leon Gordon Miller to create a large bronze, *The Tree of Life*, which was installed on the exterior of Temple Israel in February 1974. Sara died August 1, 1991 at age 80. She and Sidney are buried together at Riverdale.¹³



Stained glass window at
Temple Israel
Courtesy of the Simons Family

¹³ W.C. Woodall, "Grieved by Simons' Death," *Enquirer*, n.d. Simmons family papers.

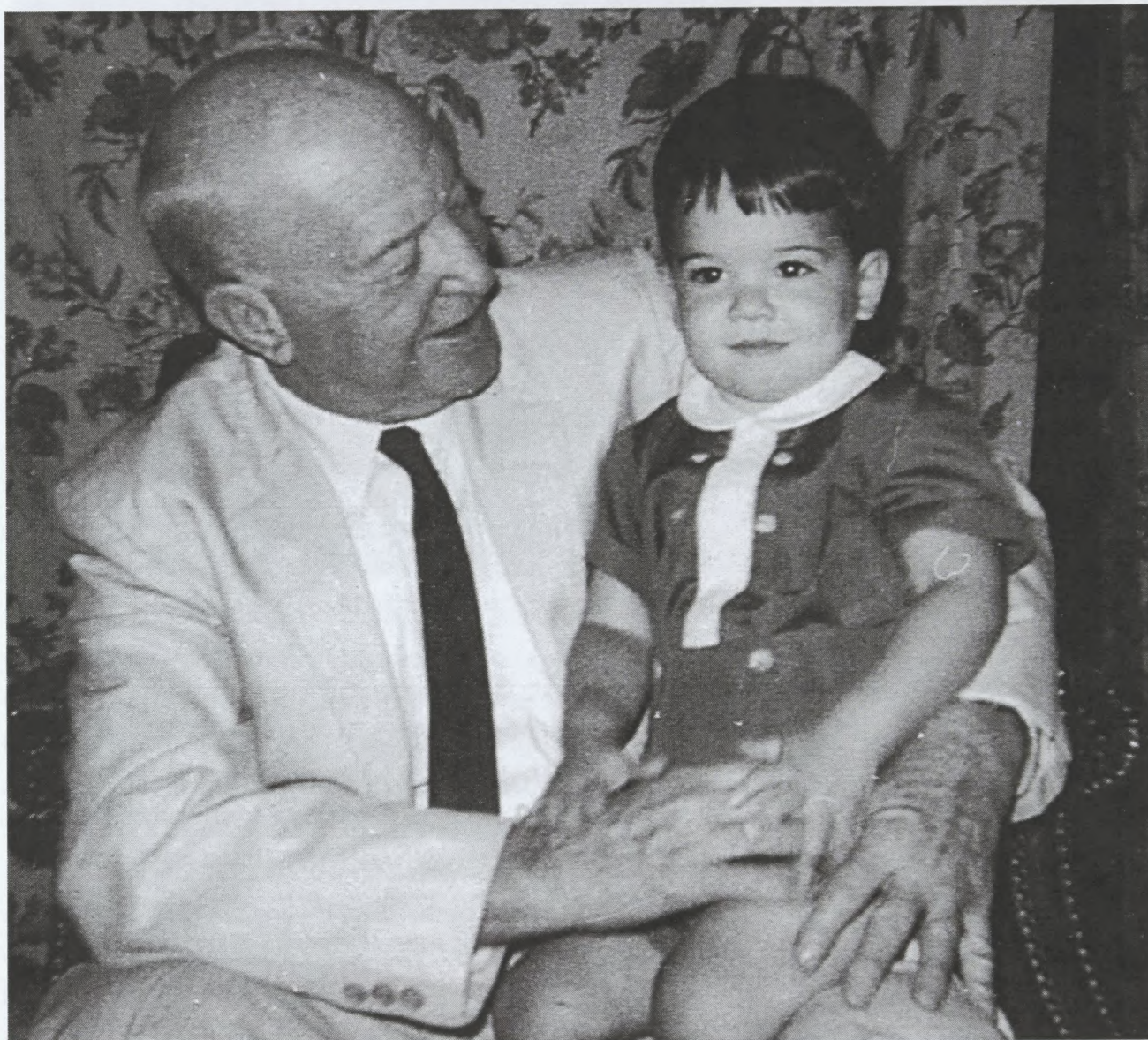


Temple Israel, Courtesy of the Simons Family

Simons' Real Estate Investments

Sidney's most lasting legacy grew from his real estate interests. As he prospered, Sidney was not interested in stock market investments; rather, he said he wanted to "stand on" his wealth. He bought property along Andrews Road where his pecan plant was, also along Buena Vista Road, Martin Luther King Boulevard, Brown Avenue, and west of Armour Road. He built houses in south and east Columbus that originally rented to army families. In 1940, Sidney founded Simons Realty to manage family properties. The city built roads, put in electricity, sewerage, and water in the tract of land he purchased off Buena Vista Road. Sidney employed a contractor and a crew of carpenters, painters, electricians, bricklayers, and plumbers to build the one- and two-family dwellings he furnished and rented to soldiers and their families. Many of these families remained in Columbus after the war. Sidney's workers also built and maintained U.S. Security Warehouse. His employee Douglas Powell was the first African American licensed plumber in Georgia. Most of the crew worked for him their entire working lives. In 1983, the

Simons family donated land along Martin Luther King Boulevard and Buena Vista Road to Temple Israel and Edgewood Baptist Church, and subsequently the Columbus Housing Authority bought the properties.¹⁴



Sidney Simons with grandson Todd Klumok, Courtesy of the Simons family

On the more rural north Columbus land, Sidney in the 1940s built a picnic area in the woods and dug a lake fed by three springs where K-Mart and the southern portion of The Landings shopping center now stand. He called it "Lake Somerset" after Sara's maiden name. There, through the 1960s, he entertained his and Sara's friends and hosted swimming parties for friends of Jean and Sydney. In 1952,

¹⁴ *Columbus City Directory*, 1940.



Sara Simons
Courtesy of the Simons Family

the Harmony Club had moved to north Columbus adjacent to Sidney's property. As Columbus expanded northward, the Simons' property and that of the Harmony Club were perfect for commercial development. After I-185 was completed, the Harmony Club property became Harmony Place in 1988. IBH Properties of Atlanta in 1978 first leased, then in the 1980s purchased the Simons tract for a shopping center on the north side of Airport Throughway that they named "Simons Plaza" to honor Sidney's long service to the community. The *Ledger* lauded the name, noting that Sidney "served on the Metro Planning Commission, the Medical Center board, the zoning board, the City Democratic Executive Committee, the Chattahoochee Valley Fair Association board, was a Mason and a Shriner, a member and trustee of Temple Israel." It was his son-in-law Maury Klumok's suggestion in the 1980s that led the city to name the access road Sidney Simons Boulevard. In 2004, the property became part of the Woodruff Company re-development retail center named The Landings.¹⁵

Our history is all around us in the place names that roll off our tongues. Maybe the next time you drive on Sidney Simons Boulevard, you'll remember this remarkable man and his family who enriched Columbus in so many ways.

¹⁵ *Columbus City Directory*, 1952, 1953; William Rowe, "Shopping Center Slated on I-185," *Ledger*, Apr. 24, 1977; "Columbus, Georgia," *Encyclopedia of Southern Jewish Communities*; "The Landings," <http://shopthelandings.com/about-us/>.

Union Soldiers Buried in Linwood Cemetery

By Callie B. McGinnis

With Transcription by Daniel B. Olds

Tucked away in the files of the Historic Linwood Foundation Office, on the grounds of Historic Linwood Cemetery, Columbus, Georgia, is a photocopy of a list of 27 Union soldiers who were buried in the Columbus City Cemetery (now known as Historic Linwood Cemetery) in 1865 and 1866. The soldiers' bodies were later disinterred in October of 1866 and moved to Andersonville National Cemetery near Americus, Georgia. Some of these soldiers had been killed in the Battle of Columbus (April 16, 1865); others had died later. The photocopy of a list of the disinterred was obtained from Andersonville Cemetery by local Civil War researcher Daniel Bellware, who shared it with the Linwood Foundation. It is also available on Ancestry.com.¹

DESCRIPTION OF LOCALITY.	NO. FOUND.		NAME OR NUMBER.	Rank.	Comp'y.	Regiment.	Date of Death.	EPITAPH, REMARKS, Etc.	NATIONAL CEMETERY.	
	From	To							Section.	Number.
East of Union Soldiers	1	1	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Found buried in the corner of Columbus	✓	12854
removed from Columbus Ga.	1	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	✓	12855
Co. 23rd Reg. to Union A.C.	1	3	"	"	"	"	"	Found by 1st Reg. in group A.C.	✓	12856
Cemetery, Andersonville, Ga.	1	4	"	"	"	"	"	Corner of Cemetery, disinterred	✓	12857
only disinterred on North side	1	5	"	"	"	"	"	left of A.C.	✓	12858
of Cemetery (west of road)	1	6	"	"	"	"	"	Found left of group B. 1 ft off	✓	12859
running through Cemetery	1	7	"	"	"	"	"	Found by 1st Reg. in group A.C. corner	✓	12860
from North to South (with	1	8	"	"	"	"	"	of Cemetery left of A.C.	✓	12861
heads to the west, like some	1	9	"	"	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12862
as all the other graves).	1	10	"	"	"	"	"	Found A.C. corner of Cemetery, 1 ft off	✓	12863
All buried in holes or	1	11	Bagley, M.	"	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12864
coffins. In grave A.C. 1879	1	12	Weller, E. S.	Captain	B	8th	Sept 30, 1865	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12865
in red coffin	1	13	Diley, Wesley	Private	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12866
	1	14	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12867
	1	15	"	"	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12868
	1	16	Battist Charles	Private	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12869
	1	17	Bittencourt Thomas B.	"	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12870
	1	18	Thomas James G.	"	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12871
	1	19	Ross Julius	"	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12872
	1	20	Charles John	"	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12873
	1	21	Wiggins J. B.	Unknown	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12874
	1	22	Harvel Cornelius	Private	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12875
	1	23	Prater William	"	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12876
	1	24	Wilcox C. S.	Unknown	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12877
	1	25	Wright J. D.	"	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12878
	1	26	Unknown	"	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12879
	1	27	"	"	"	"	"	Found in the corner only have 1 ft off	✓	12880
	12	14								

List of Union soldiers buried in Linwood Cemetery, Courtesy of Andersonville National Historic Site

¹ U.S. Burial Registers, Military Posts and National Cemeteries, 1862 - 1960, 1089 (Andersonville List), accessed September 29, 2015, <http://www.ancestry.com>.

Thinking this Andersonville list would make an interesting piece for *Muscogiana*, I contacted Dan Olds, a local inveterate indexer, and asked him if he would be willing to transcribe it. Dan said "yes." He sent me the transcript a few days later.

Of the 27 soldiers on the list, 14 are named and 13 are "unknown." As I studied the list and Dan's transcript, I realized that some of the names on the list may have been spelled incorrectly, so I set about quickly verifying the 14 named soldiers on Findagrave (<http://www.findagrave.com>). To my surprise, I could not locate many of the names on the first try. I started playing around with the spellings, and, slowly, more entries began to appear. It turned out there were some major variations in the way the original list-maker had spelled many of their names.

As I went through Findagrave searching for the named Union soldiers, I found a listing for another soldier, one Private Richard Porter, from Iowa, who had accidentally shot and killed himself during the Battle of Columbus.² Porter's name was not on the Andersonville list. Perhaps, I thought, Richard Porter was one of the "unknowns."

This discovery led me on a search to uncover the names of other Union soldiers who died in Columbus at the end of the Civil War – and who may have been buried in Linwood Cemetery. Using two secondary publications, Charles A. Misulia's *Columbus, Georgia 1865: The Last True Battle of the Civil War* (Tuscaloosa: The University of Alabama Press, 2010) and Mary Jane Galer's *Columbus, Georgia Lists of People in the Town, 1828 – 1852 and Sexton's Reports to 1866* (s.l.: Iberian Publishing Company, 2000), I immediately came up with more names of Union soldiers (including Porter) who died in Columbus, Georgia, but weren't on the Andersonville list. Maybe these Union soldiers were some of the thirteen "unknowns."

Further research was needed to verify the information I had thus far uncovered. After revisiting Misulia and Galer, I began an online search of Ancestry.com, state adjutant generals' reports, and other resources. I also visited the Columbus State University Archives to examine their "Post Register of Sick and Wounded Soldiers in Hospitals in Columbus, Georgia," a print-out of microfilm that had been made at the Columbus City Clerk's Office decades ago.

At the end of my search, much to my surprise, I had verified the identities of 17 Union soldiers who died in Columbus and were not on the Andersonville list. That is 4 more than the number of "unknowns" on the list. Combined with the 14 "knowns" on the list, I now had the names of 31 Union soldiers who had died in Columbus, Georgia. Unfortunately, we do not know how many of these additional 17 soldiers were buried in Linwood Cemetery.

Below is Dan Olds' transcription of the named Union soldiers on the Andersonville List. Following each entry in the transcription is additional information that I found about the named soldiers – primarily service record and burial information.

² "Pvt. Richard Porter," Entry #112500609, *Findagrave*, accessed September 29, 2015, <http://www.findagrave.com>.

The second part of this article contains information on the additional 17 Union soldiers who are listed as having died in Columbus. The list is separated into three categories: (A.) Five individual soldiers named in the Columbus Sexton's Report, (B.) Eight soldiers not in the Sexton's report or the Andersonville list who died during or following the Battle of Columbus, and (C.) Other: Four soldiers not in the sexton's report nor the Andersonville list who died in Columbus before 1865 or whose death is uncertain.

Part 1: Union Soldiers Named on the Andersonville List (Dan Olds' transcription)

Andersonville Cemetery

List of Union Soldiers removed from Columbus, Ga. Oct. 23, 1866 to National Cemetery, Andersonville, Ga. And reburied on the North side of the cemetery (west of road running through cemetery from North to South) with heads to the west (the same as all the other graves). All buried in boxes or coffins and grave No. 12879 in red coffin.

1. Beezley, N. (Beezley, Nathan)

Rank unknown. Member of Company I, 4th Iowa Cav. Died Apr 16, 1865. Found N. side of Columbus Cemetery in coffin. National Cemetery grave designation 12864.³

Additional information: Private Nathan Beezley was "shot through the head during hand-to-hand fighting with cannoneers at the east end of the bridge during the night assault."⁴ "Beezley was 21, and living in Winterset, when he enlisted as a Private in Co. I of the 4th Iowa Cavalry on Nov. 5, 1861. He was mustered into federal service on Dec. 5, 1861. Beezley took part in the Battle of Columbus, GA, where he was killed in action."⁵ He was the son of Joseph and Cynthia Beezley."⁶



Portrait of Nathan Beezley, courtesy of Cindy Baldogo on Findagrave, entry #27029259, accessed October 15, 2015, <http://www.findagrave.com>.

³ Andersonville List.

⁴ Misulia, 253.

⁵ *Report of Brigadier-General Nathaniel B. Baker, Adjutant General of Iowa*, v. 1, 1867 (Des Moines: F.W. Palmer, 1867), 304, accessed October 12, 2015, <http://babel.hathitrust.org>; FAG #27029259.

⁶ FAG #27029259.

2. Miller, T. D. (Miller, Thomas Jey)

Captain. Member of Company D, 3d Iowa Cav. Death date unknown. No. 12, 13, 14 buried in adjoining graves North side of cemetery in coffins about 30 yards from No. 11 on left. National Cemetery grave designation 12865.⁷

Additional information: "Captain Miller fell in the assault upon the first line of works, a shell passing through his side."⁸ He was killed during the assault on Fort 3, west of Summerville Road at the north end of the Confederate defenses...Millers' body was buried on April 17, 1865, on the battlefield in Girard. The next day his corpse was moved across the river and reburied in Columbus's Linwood Cemetery.⁹ His last words were, 'like a Christian and a soldier,'"¹⁰ a possible reference to how he had wanted to die.

Miller, whose full name was actually Thomas Jey Miller, began his military career on September 26, 1861, when he enlisted and mustered out the same day. He was promoted to Fifth Sergeant March 8, 1862; Fourth Sergeant, July 10, 1862; Third Sergeant, Feb. 15, 1863; and Second Sergeant, March 28 1863. He re-enlisted and re-mustered February 1, 1864. He was then promoted to First Sergeant and to Second Lieutenant, April 19, 1864. He was wounded and taken prisoner June 11, 1864, Ripley, Mississippi. Later, he was promoted to First Lieutenant .Aug. 25, 1864, and then to Captain Jan. 6, 1865. He was killed in action April 16 1865, Columbus, Ga., and was eventually buried in Andersonville National Cemetery, Grave 12865. However, his body was later disinterred and reburied in Troy Cemetery, in Troy Iowa (David County).¹¹

Photo of "Capt. Tommy Miller, Company D, 3rd Iowa Cavalry. Killed in action" on Findagrave, entry #32830333, accessed October 15, 2015, <http://www.findagrave.com>.



⁷ Andersonville List.

⁸ Report of Brigadier-General Nathaniel B. Baker, Adjutant General of Iowa, v.2, 1867 (Des Moines: F.W. Palmer, 1867), 544, accessed October 10, 2015, <https://books.google.com/books>.

⁹ Misulia, 253.

¹⁰ Ibid.; Baker, v.2, 544.

¹¹ FAG #53884012.

3. Deley, Wesley (Delay, John W.)

1st Sgt. Member of Company I, 3d Iowa Cav. Date of death unknown. No. 12, 13, 14 buried in adjoining graves North side of cemetery in coffins about 30 yards from No. 11 on left. National Cemetery grave designation 12866.²⁷

Additional information: "Killed during night assault." First Sergeant John W. Delay, Company I, 3rd Iowa Cavalry, killed in action, April 16, 1865, Columbus, GA.²⁸ "Served as First Sergeant of Troop I, 3rd Iowa Cavalry. Residence: Iconium. Enlisted Aug. 20, 1861. Mustered September 6, 1861. Promoted to Company Quartermaster Sergeant September 1, 1862. Reenlisted and re-mustered February 2, 1864. Wounded severely July 14, 1864, Tupelo, Miss. Promoted to First Sergeant January 1, 1865. Killed in action."²⁹

4. Barlett, Charles

Private. Member of Company G, 151st Illinois. Died Sep 30, 1865. Buried on East side of Columbus Cemetery in coffin w/head to the South. Not any of the graves were numbered and have been numbered as they were taken up. National Cemetery grave designation 12869.³⁰

Additional information: Bartlett died of typhoid fever.³¹ He enlisted Feb. 20, 1865.³²

5. Rittenboro, Thomas B. (Ritenour, Thomas R.)

Private. Member of Company C, 151st Illinois. Died Sep. 16, 1865. Buried on East side of Columbus Cemetery in coffin w/head to the South. Not any of the graves were numbered and have been numbered as they were taken up. National Cemetery grave designation 12870.³³

Additional information: In official army records, his name is given as Thomas R. Ritenour. He was from Macomb, Illinois, and enlisted on February 14, 1865 and mustered into Company C on that same date. He was a Corporal.³⁴ He died at the age of 32 from a fever and was buried on September 17, 1865.³⁵

²⁷ Andersonville List.

²⁸ Baker, v.1, 280; Misulia, p. 253.

²⁹ FAG #10212334.

³⁰ Andersonville List.

³¹ Mary Jane Galer, *Columbus, Georgia Lists of People in the Town, 1828 – 1852 and Sexton's Reports to 1866* (s.l.: Iberian Publishing Company, 2000), 256.

³² *Report of the Adjutant General of the State of Illinois*, v. 7, 1861 – 1866, 357 (Springfield, Ill.: Baker, Bailhache and Co., 1867), accessed October 1, 2015, <http://catalog.hathitrust.org/Record/100753579>.

³³ Andersonville List.

³⁴ Ibid., 351.

³⁵ Galer, 253. Note: Name listed as "T. R. Rettenous."

6. Bouser, James L. (Bouncer, James L.)

Private. Member of Company K, 151st Illinois. Died Sep 12, 1865. Buried on East side of Columbus Cemetery in coffin w/head to the South. Not any of the graves were numbered and have been numbered as they were taken up. National Cemetery grave designation 12871.³⁶

Additional information: This soldier originally listed as "Bouser." In official army records, he is listed as James L. Bouncer, from Buena Vista, Illinois, enlisted February 7, 1865; died September 12, 1865.³⁷ This person is listed in the sexton's records as James Brennen, age 19, who died of dropsy, and was buried September 13, 1865; member of Company K, 151st Illinois Cavalry.³⁸

7. Rover, Julius (Roever, Julius)

Private. Member of Company H, 151st Illinois. Died Aug. 27, 1865. Buried on East side of Columbus Cemetery in coffin w/head to the South. Not any of the graves were numbered and have been numbered as they were taken up. National Cemetery grave designation 12872.³⁹

Additional information: According to official army records, this soldier's name was Julius Roever, and he lived in Quincy, Illinois. He had enlisted on February 18, 1865.⁴⁰

8. Carle, John (Carroll, John W.)

Private. Member of Company E, 151st Illinois. Died Aug. 12, 1865. Buried on E. Side of Columbus Cemetery in coffin w/head to the S. Not any of the graves were numbered and have been numbered as they were taken up. National Cemetery grave designation 12873.

Additional Information: In official army records, his name is given as John W. Carroll, Company E, 151st Illinois Cavalry;⁴¹ from Peoria; enlisted February 10, 1865; died August 12, 1865.⁴² In another source he is cited as "Jno. Carroll," age 50; buried August 12, 1865; died of congestion; member of Company B, 151st Illinois.⁴³

9. Cummings, J. R. (Cummings, John)

Rank unknown. Member of Company H, 151st Illinois. Died Dec. 19, 1865. Buried on East side of Columbus Cemetery in coffin w/head to the South. Not any of the graves were numbered and have been numbered as they were taken up. National Cemetery grave designation 12874.⁴⁴

³⁶ Andersonville List.

³⁷ Ill. A. G., 363.

³⁸ Galer, 255.

³⁹ Andersonville List.

⁴⁰ Ill. A. G., 361.

⁴¹ Ill. A.G., 355; FAG #51152402.

⁴² Ill. A.G., 355.

⁴³ Galer, 254.

⁴⁴ Andersonville List.

Additional Information: Official army records list him as "John," from Princeton, Illinois; enlisted February 16, 1865; died at Columbus, GA, December 19, 1865.⁴⁵ In another source he is listed as J. R. Cumminns, age 23; buried on December 20, 1865; died of consumption.⁴⁶

10. Spencer, Cornelius

Private. Member of F Company, 151st Illinois. Died Dec 3, 1865. Buried on East side of Columbus Cemetery in coffin w/head to the South. Not any of the graves were numbered and have been numbered as they were taken up. National Cemetery grave designation 12875.⁴⁷

Additional information: Spencer resided in Annawar, Illinois, and had enlisted on February 13, 1865.⁴⁸

11. Prim, William (Primm, William)

Private. Rank, Company and Regiment unknown. Buried on East Side of Columbus Cemetery in coffin w/head to the South. Not any of the graves were numbered and have been numbered as they were taken up. National Cemetery grave designation 12876.⁴⁹

Additional information: A check with the staff at Andersonville Cemetery revealed that grave # 12876 is, indeed, the grave of William Prim. The staff member also offered that a William Primm was a member of Company C, 114th Illinois Infantry.⁵⁰

12. Wilson, B. S. (Wilson, Benjamin)

Rank unknown. Member of Company E, 17th Indiana. Death date unknown. Buried on East side of Columbus Cemetery in coffin w/head to the S. Not any of the graves were numbered and have been numbered as they were taken up. National Cemetery grave designation 12877.⁵¹

Additional information: This soldier was admitted to a Columbus Hospital as Benjamin Wilson, on June 20, 1865, but his ailment was not specified.⁵² According to official army records, his name was Benjamin S. Wilson, he resided in Indianapolis, and enlisted on January 11, 1865. He died on June 20, 1865 in Columbus,⁵³ and was buried on June 21.⁵⁴ He was a Private.⁵⁵

⁴⁵ Ill. A. G., 360.

⁴⁶ Galer, 258

⁴⁷ Andersonville List.

⁴⁸ Ill. A. G., 357.

⁴⁹ Andersonville List.

⁵⁰ Evan Kutzler, email to the author, October 6, 2015. Kutzler obtained Primm's unit name from the Civil War Soldier and Sailor Database.

⁵¹ Andersonville List.

⁵² *Post Register of Sick and Wounded Soldiers in Hospitals in Columbus, Georgia*. Original housed in Columbus Clerk of Council's Office, Columbus, Georgia. Photocopy of microfilm available at Columbus State University Archives. Listing for Wilson at end of "W" section.

⁵³ 17th Indiana Infantry, 357, accessed October 4, 2015,

http://www.civilwarindex.com/army/soldiers/17th_in_infantry_soldiers.pdf.

13. Livingston, J. E. (Levingston, Joseph E.)

Rank unknown. Member of Company K, 7th Pennsylvania. Death date unk. Buried on East side of Columbus Cemetery in coffin w/head to the South. Not any of the graves were numbered and have been numbered as they were taken up. National Cemetery grave designation 12878.⁵⁶

Additional information: In official army records he is listed as Joseph E. Levingston, Corporal, enlisted September 22, 1861 for 3 years, Co. K, 80th Regiment, 7th Cavalry; died at Columbus, Georgia, July 13, 1865.⁵⁷ He is also listed as "Jasper E. Levingston," Private, Company K, 7th Pennsylvania; he was admitted to Columbus hospital July 11, 1865 with intermittent fever.⁵⁸

14. Jones, J. H. (Jones, Joseph H.; listed as "Unknown" with remarks)

Name, rank, unit and date of death unknown. (These remains, National Cemetery grave designation 12879, were in a red coffin and are probably the remains of Sgt. J. H. Jones, Company L, 4th Iowa Cav.)⁵⁹

Additional information: Jones was killed in action, April 16, 1865, Columbus, GA.⁶⁰ Joseph H. "Jones was 21, and living in Knoxville, Marion Co., Iowa, when he enlisted as a Private in Co. L of the 4th Iowa Cavalry on Sept 26, 1861. He was mustered into federal service on Nov. 25, 1861. He became a "Reenlisted Veteran" on Dec 12, 1863, when he, and most of his company, reenlisted. Jones was promoted to 6th Corporal on May 1, 1864; to 5th Corporal on July 1, 1864; to 5th Sergeant on Jan 1, 1865; and finally to 4th Sergeant on Feb 23, 1865. He was killed in action during the Battle of Columbus, GA, on April 16, 1865.⁶¹ "Wound described as shoulder severe. Killed during hand-to-hand fighting with canonneers at east end of bridge during night assault."⁶²

Part 2: Additional Union Soldiers Who Died in Columbus, Georgia

Part A: Five Individual Soldiers Named in the Columbus Sexton's Report

It is interesting to note that only six of the fourteen names on the Andersonville list appear in the sexton's reports, as transcribed by Galer. This is probably because most were buried as a group (although in separate graves). There is a note at the end of the June 1865 sexton's report which says: "I buried 17 Federals who were killed and died of wounds rec'd. in the affair of 16 Apl. All of which is

⁵⁴ Galer, 253.

⁵⁵ FAG #51146290.

⁵⁶ Andersonville List.

⁵⁷ Samuel P. Bates, *History of Pennsylvania Volunteers, 1861 - 1865*, v. 2 (Harrisburg: B. Singerly, 1869), 1155, accessed October 2, 2105, <http://babel.hathitrust.com>.

⁵⁸ *Post Register*, at end of "L" section.

⁵⁹ Andersonville List.

⁶⁰ Baker, v.1, 307.

⁶¹ FAG #51138459.

⁶² Misulia, 253.

respectfully submitted R.T. Simmons, Sexton.⁶³ Though not named on the Andersonville list, these five soldiers were definitely buried in Linwood (since the sexton claims to have buried them).

1. Childs, Libbeus

Not on Andersonville List. Name given as "L. Childers," age 19, died of congestion and chills, and was buried September 28, 1865.⁶⁴ Another source gives his name as "Libbus Childs," saying he was from Center, Illinois; enlisted February 13, 1865; member of Company F, 151st Illinois Cavalry; died at Columbus, GA, September 27, 1865.⁶⁵ FAG has two entries for this soldier. Both spell his first name as "Libbeus." One appears to be a standard Civil War memorial headstone; it is located in Forest Hill Cemetery, Wyand, Illinois. A note on the entry says: "Was supposed to be buried in Triplett Cemetery."⁶⁶ The other is a more elaborate headstone located in the Triplett Cemetery, Wyand. The tombstone does not say "In Memory Of," therefore it is possible that Libbeus's body was transported to Illinois for burial. This FAG entry says Libbeus was born August 23, 1846; also says "Civil War Soldier. Member of Co. F, 151st Illinois Volunteer Infantry. From Center, Bureau County, Illinois. Enlisted on Feb. 13, 1863, at Quincy, Illinois. Died in the hospital at Columbus, Georgia. At the time of his enlistment, he was 18 yrs. old, 5' 8" tall, with brown hair, hazel eyes, and fair complexion. He was a Pvt. and enlisted for one year. Inscription: Aged 19 yrs., 1 mo., 4 days. A Member of Co. F, 151 Reg't, ILLs.Vol's. Died in hospital at Columbus, GA."⁶⁷ Not in Misulia.

2. Gibson, William

Not on Andersonville List; not in Misulia; not on Findagrave. Listed as "William Gibson," Co. I, 7th PA Vol., died August 9, 1865, of flux.⁶⁸ Listed as member of Company K, 7th Pennsylvania Volunteers; says: "In hospital at the muster out of the Co." Note: This company mustered out from Macon, Georgia, August 23, 1865. Gibson was in the hospital in Columbus and died there about a month later.⁶⁹ Died August 7, 1865, Columbus, GA.⁷⁰

⁶³ Galer, 253.

⁶⁴ Galer, 256.

⁶⁵ Ill. A. G., 357.

⁶⁶ FAG # 54153914.

⁶⁷ FAG # 101140458.

⁶⁸ Galer, 254.

⁶⁹ *History and Roster of the Seventh PA Cavalry, Veteran Volunteers, 1861 - 1865*, prepared by the Officers of the Organization (s.l.: Miners Journal, 1904), 117, accessed November 15, 2015, <https://archive.org>.

⁷⁰ *U.S., Registers of Deaths of Volunteers, 1861 - 1865*, <http://www.ancestry.com>, September 29, 2015.

3. Mangless, Albert

Not on Andersonville list. Albert Mangless died at the age of 21 and was buried in Columbus, Georgia, March 15, 1866; he was a member of Co. G, 176 New York Regiment.⁷¹ Not in Misulia; not on Findagrave. Note: Mangless died almost a whole year after the Battle of Columbus.

4. Soldin, W. S.

This Union soldier is the most elusive. His only listing is in the Columbus sexton's report for October 1865. The listing says only: He was buried "Oct. 12; Soldin, W.S.; 21st Regt. Pen. Vols."⁷² An extensive search of many records related to the 21st Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers did not turn up any more information on W. S. Soldin.⁷³

5. Welch, Patrick

Patrick Welch died January 18, 1866 from wounds received in camp at Columbus, Georgia. He resided in Clarion, Illinois, had enlisted February 17, 1865 and was a private in Company K, Illinois 151 Regiment.⁷⁴ He is listed in the Columbus sexton's report for January 1866 as "Paten Welsh." He died at the age of 41 and was buried on January 19, 1866.⁷⁵

Part B: Eight soldiers not in the Sexton's report nor the Andersonville list who died during or following the Battle of Columbus

Here are eight soldiers whose place of death was listed as "Columbus, GA" in a variety of sources, including Misulia, adjutant generals' reports from a handful of northern states and other miscellaneous sources. We know that they died in Columbus sometime after the Battle of Columbus, but were they buried here?

1. Hagler, William

Not on Andersonville list. Listed as being in Company A, 3rd Iowa Cavalry; "killed during a night assault."⁷⁶ A member of the 3rd Cavalry, Co. A, killed in action April 16, 1865, Columbus, GA.⁷⁷ Not on Findagrave; not in Galer.

⁷¹ Galer, 259; *U.S. Register of Deaths of Volunteers, 1861 - 1865*, <http://www.ancestry.com>, November 15, 2015.

⁷² Galer, 265.

⁷³ One reason for the scant information on this soldier is that perhaps "Soldin" was really "Soldier" (i.e., a soldier with the initials W.S.). However, a search of 21st Regiment members yielded no soldier named Soldin nor any soldier with the initials W.S. who died in Columbus, Georgia.

⁷⁴ Ill. A.G., 364.

⁷⁵ Galer, 258.

⁷⁶ Misulia, 253.

⁷⁷ Baker, v.1, 264.

2. Kennedy, Jonathan

Not on Andersonville list. Corporal Jonathan Kennedy, age 20, entered service September 30, 1862 for 3 years service; Company B, 7th Ohio Cavalry; appointed corporal February 1, 1865; died April 19, 1865 of wounds accidentally received at Columbus, GA.⁷⁸ Listed as Private Company B, 7th Ohio Cavalry. "Possibly wounded by friendly fire." Died April 19, 1865 of his injuries.⁷⁹ Not on Findagrave; not in Galer.

3. King, Miles

Not on Andersonville list. Listed as Corporal, Company B, 3rd Iowa Cavalry. "Wounded in breast/abdomen severely. Died April 20, 1865 at Walker Hospital, Columbus, Georgia."⁸⁰ Patient in Columbus hospital, admitted April 19, 1865 with abdominal wound. Corporal, Company B, 3rd Iowa Cavalry.⁸¹ Miles King, Private, was wounded October 25, 1864 at Osage, Missouri, and died April 19, 1865 in Columbus, Georgia of gunshot wounds.⁸² Not in Galer; not on Findagrave.

4. Miller, James M. (Miller, John M.)

Not on Andersonville list. James M. Miller is listed as a Private, Co. K, 3rd Iowa Cavalry; wounded April 16, 1865, Girard, AL; died April 18, 1865 of wounds, Columbus, GA.⁸³ Listed as John M. Miller, Private, Company D, 3rd Iowa Cavalry; admitted to a Columbus hospital on April 19, 1865; pelvis wound.⁸⁴ Listed as John M. Miller, Company D, 3rd Iowa Cavalry; Wounded in pelvis. Died April 20, 1865, at Walker Hospital, Columbus, Georgia.⁸⁵ Not in Galer; not on Findagrave.

5. Nelson, Samuel

Not on Andersonville list. Listed as Samuel Nelson, Private, Company I, 3rd Iowa Cavalry. Wounded during the night assault.⁸⁶ Killed in action, April 16, 1865.⁸⁷ He was 18 years old at the time of his death, and a resident of Appanoose County, Iowa. He enlisted Feb. 23, 1864 and mustered March 9, 1864.⁸⁸

⁷⁸ *Seventh Ohio Volunteer Cavalry*, p. 374, accessed September 29, 2015, <http://www.civilwarindex.com>.

⁷⁹ Misulia, 254.

⁸⁰ Ibid., 253.

⁸¹ *Post Register*. Listing for King at end of "K" section.

⁸² Baker, v.1, 266.

⁸³ Ibid., 284.

⁸⁴ *Post Register*, at end of "M" section.

⁸⁵ Misulia, 253.

⁸⁶ Misulia, 253.

⁸⁷ Baker, v.1, 282.

⁸⁸ FAG #58262764. Note: This entry incorrectly postulates that Nelson's body was eventually moved to Marietta National Cemetery.

6. Porter, Richard

Richard Porter was a Private in Company I, 5th Iowa Cavalry. "He was killed by the accidental discharge of a gun during a night assault."⁸⁹ He was a member of "New" Company I, and was killed in Columbus, Georgia, on April 16, 1865, when "he accidentally shot himself."⁹⁰ Richard Porter was born in England in 1842, according to his Findagrave entry, which contains additional information:

Enlisted as a 19 yr. old resident of Vinton, Benton Co., Ia. as a private in Co. G, 5th Iowa Infantry. Detailed Jan.1, 1863 to Pioneer Corps. Moved to near Memphis, Tn. with 11 other men of the 5th Iowa's Pioneer Corp. on Jan.13, 1863. Re-enlisted and re-mustered Jan.5, 1864. Consolidated Aug.8, 1864 and transferred Sept.18, 1864 to Co. I, 5th Iowa Cavalry. Accidentally shot and killed himself April 16, 1865 during the assault at Columbus, Ga. and while under the enemy's artillery fire. All this occurred during Wilson's raid. Mentioned in a letter dated April 30, 1865 as "Died on the 16th from the effects of a wound received on the 15th". Listed on the 1897 Veteran Roster as "detailed Jan.1, 1863 to Pioneer Corps. and killed April 16, 1865 on a raid."⁹¹

7. Rattles, John

John Rattles was a Private in Company I, 10th Missouri Cavalry. He was possibly killed by an exploding shell on Summerville Road, during the night assault.⁹² He died in battle on April 16, 1865 in Columbus, Georgia.⁹³ This may be John B. Rattles, the son of William H. and Mary Polly Read Rattles, born around 1840 in Missouri.⁹⁴ In 1860, William was a cabinet maker and Polly was a knitter, while John was a farmer. They lived in Jefferson Township, Osage county, Missouri. John and his parents had all been born in Missouri.⁹⁵ He married Mary Jane Breeding on July 2, 1863.⁹⁶ Both John and his father William were members of Company I.⁹⁷ Not in Galer nor on Findagrave.

8. Ritchey, John

John Ritchey was a Sergeant in Company I, 10th Missouri Cavalry.⁹⁸ "He was possibly wounded during Captain [Robert] McGlasson's escape from the [Franklin Street] bridge during the night assault. Listed as wounded in the left "libra" ...Dies April 29, 1865 at Walker Hospital, Columbus, Georgia."⁹⁹ Not in Galer nor on Findagrave.

⁸⁹ Misulia, 254.

⁹⁰ Baker, v.1, 326.

⁹¹ FAG #112500609.

⁹² Misulia, 254.

⁹³ Compiled Service Records of Volunteer Union Soldiers in Organizations from the State of Missouri, accessed October 12, 2015, <http://www.fold3.com>.

⁹⁴ Lenk Family Tree, accessed November 14, 2015, <http://www.ancestry.com>.

⁹⁵ 1860 U.S. Federal Census, Jefferson, Osage County, Missouri, 66, accessed November 15, 2015, <http://www.ancestry.com>.

⁹⁶ Lenk Family Tree.

⁹⁷ *Tom Cully's Civil War Unit Rosters*, accessed November 15, 2015,

<http://www.caulleyscorner.com/MissouriMilitaryLists/CW10thRgtCavUNIONMultipleUnits.txt>.

⁹⁸ Misulia, 253; *Tom Cully's Rosters*.

⁹⁹ Misulia, 253.

Part C: Other: Four soldiers not in the Sexton's report or the Andersonville list who died in Columbus before the Battle of Columbus or whose death is uncertain

This last group of four soldiers is problematic. The first one, Bierman, died in Columbus and may have been buried in Linwood Cemetery (his burial place is unknown). The second two, Fluehr and Goodenough, died in Columbus as prisoners of war. They were buried in Andersonville National Cemetery. The fourth soldier's death has not been proven. His family thinks that he was taken prisoner at the Battle of Columbus (before the Union forces won the battle) and may have died in Columbus. His date and place of death and burial are unknown.

1. Bierman, Alonzo

Not on Andersonville List, not in Galer, not in Misulia, not on Findagrave. This Union soldier was not killed at the Battle of Columbus, but he did die in Columbus, and he may have been buried in Linwood. He was a musician in Company D, 73rd Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and he died in Columbus GA, April 15, 1864. He may have been captured with some of his cohorts, who were placed in Andersonville Prison Camp, then moved to a hospital in Columbus, where he died. He had enlisted for 3 years service on September 17, 1861.¹⁰⁰ One source says that he died while a P.O.W. at Columbus, GA.¹⁰¹ Bierman is also listed in *U.S. Civil War Soldiers Index*, but death info not given. His first name is given as "Alphons."¹⁰²

2. Fluehr, John

John Fluehr is not on the Andersonville list. He was mustered into Company D of the 73rd Pennsylvania Regiment on September 14, 1861 as a Private in Philadelphia. At the time he was 28. He died August 8, 1864 while a prisoner of war at Columbus, GA.¹⁰³ He was a cohort of Alonzo Bierman, who also died before April 1865. Perhaps they had been at Andersonville, then moved to a Columbus hospital. John Fluehr is buried at Andersonville National Cemetery, grave number 200.¹⁰⁴ Not in Misulia nor Galer

¹⁰⁰ Bates, 877.

¹⁰¹ *Civil War Veterans' Card File, 1861 – 1866*, Pennsylvania State Archives, <http://www.digitalarchives.state.pa.us>, October 5, 2015.

¹⁰² U.S. Civil War Soldiers Index, 1861-1865, accessed October 3, 2105, <http://www.familysearch.org>.

¹⁰³ Bates, 877; *Civil War Veterans' Card File* (PA). Note: this source erroneously states place of death as Columbus, SC.

¹⁰⁴ FAG # 51154770. There is a discrepancy with Grave #200 at Andersonville. Doris Atwater's *A List of the Union Soldiers Buried at Andersonville* (NY: Tribune Association, 1866), 53, accessed November 28, 2015, <https://archive.org>, says that the person buried in grave #200 is John Fluehr, Pennsylvania 73rd, Company D. Her book was written using the official records of the Andersonville surgeon. The discrepancy is that Atwater says Fluehr died March 28, 1864. According to Andersonville historian Kevin Frye (email to the author, November 27, 2015), he would have been buried on March 28. However, other records show that Fluehr died in Columbus on August 8, 1864. The person in grave #200 may not be John Fluehr who died in Columbus.

3. Goodenough, George M.

Not on Andersonville List, not in Galer, and not in Misulia. Like Bierman, this soldier died in April 1864 in Columbus – but one day before Bierman, on April 14. He died of disease (unspecified) while he was a prisoner of war. He was from the town of Davison, Michigan, and was a Private in the 23rd Michigan Infantry, Company K.¹⁰⁵ He is buried at Andersonville National Cemetery, grave number 145.¹⁰⁶



Tombstones of John Fluehr and George M. Goodenough at Andersonville National Cemetery, Courtesy of Kevin Frye.

4. George W. Jenks

Not on Andersonville list. His entry on Findagrave says:

George W. Jenks of the 3rd Reg. Company H. Ohio Cavalry was captured 16 April 1865 at the Battle of Columbus GA. and never heard from again. His father collected a pension for George's service until his own death in 1893. No record of what happened to him and the pension was granted on the assumption of death. Note this was the last major battle at the end of the Civil War,

¹⁰⁵ Edwin O. Wood, *History of Genesee County, Michigan* (Indianapolis, Ind.: Federal Publishing Company, 1916), 438, accessed November 26, 2015, <http://books.google.com>; *Annual Report of the Adjutant General of the State of Michigan* (Lansing, Mich.: John A. Kerr, 1865), 707, accessed November 26, 2015, <http://babel.hathitrust.org>.

¹⁰⁶ FAG #44472208. His middle initial "M," stood for "Milton." Sometimes he was known by that name.

in fact after Lee Surrendered. George was probably killed as there was no further record after being taken by Southern Forces.¹⁰⁷

Jenks was born September 27, 1849 in Belchertown, Hampshire County, Massachusetts, the son of William Clark Jenks and Sarah Ann Davis Jenks.¹⁰⁸ He was 18 when he enlisted for three years' service on January 4, 1864. He was a private.¹⁰⁹ He was "captured April 16, 1865, at the Battle of Columbus; no further record found."¹¹⁰ Not in Misulia or Galer.

Conclusion

The Andersonville list of Union soldiers buried in Linwood Cemetery and later removed to Andersonville Cemetery in October 1866 contains 14 named soldiers and 13 unknowns. Based on the research presented above, it is highly likely that the soldiers named in Parts A and B of the previous section are the "unknowns" on the list – especially the ones in Part A, who were definitely buried by the sexton in the cemetery. Parts A and B account for 13 soldiers: the exact number of "unknowns" on the Andersonville list. So, combining the names on the Andersonville list with those in section 2, parts A and B, we have the names of all 27 soldiers – all of whom were quite probably removed to Andersonville.

The 4 soldiers listed in Part C are problematic. Bierman, Fluehr and Goodenough apparently died in Columbus, but were they buried in Linwood Cemetery? Fluehr and Goodenough were not: they were buried at Andersonville. Bierman could have been buried in Linwood, but it is more likely that his remains were interred at Andersonville, like his colleagues.' The information on Jenks is even more problematic. His descendants claim that he died at the Battle of Columbus, but that fact has not been ascertained. He may have escaped his captors and fled.

There is, then, a very slim possibility that one or possibly two Union soldiers (Bierman and Jenks) are buried in Linwood Cemetery. Unfortunately we will probably never be able to prove or disprove this. What we definitely know, from valid sources, is that during the Civil War, 30 Union soldiers died in the Confederate city of Columbus, Georgia – a long, long way from home.

¹⁰⁷ FAG. #142981768.

¹⁰⁸ Ibid.

¹⁰⁹ *Third Ohio Volunteer Cavalry Roster*, accessed November 15, 2015, http://freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~thirdovc/text/3ovc_h.txt.

¹¹⁰ *The History of the Service of the Third Ohio Veterans Volunteer Cavalry* (Toledo, Ohio: Stoneman Press, 1910), 276, accessed November 14, 2015, <https://archive.org/stream/historyservicet00crofgoog#page/n220/mode/2up>.

LIST OF CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS IN LINWOOD CEMETERY

Compiled by Dan Olds

This list was compiled from a document on file at the Historic Linwood Foundation office on the grounds of Historic Linwood Cemetery in Columbus, Georgia. Entitled "List of Confederate Soldiers in Linwood Cemetery," the document was created by members of the Lizzie Rutherford Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy (UDC), located in Columbus. The date of its creation is unknown.

The original list was arranged first by street name and then by location of the grave on the street. This arrangement, by street, made it easier for UDC members to locate Confederate graves in the cemetery and facilitated the chapter's practice of laying flowers on the graves of all the soldiers in commemoration of Confederate Memorial Day.

For the reader's convenience, the version of the list printed below has been rearranged—listing the soldiers alphabetically, with the street name and location of the grave on the street beside each name. The list is being published with permission from the Lizzie Rutherford Chapter, UDC.

NAME

GRAVE LOCATION

Abbott, F.J.	Willow Street - West Side
Abbott, Hawkins J.	Mulberry Street - West Side
Acee, Fielding Wallace	Hawthorne Street
Adams, David	Cedar Street - West Side
Adams, James	Plum Street
Adams, R.M.	Chestnut Street - East Side
Adams, T.D.	Maple Street - East Side
Adkins, G.W.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Aenchbacher, L.M.	Oak Street - West Side
Aenchbacher, Milton H., Cpl.	Section A
Albrecht, John Columbus	Hawthorne Street
Albrecht, N.W.	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Aldervean, B.H.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Alexander, Adam Leopold	Bay Street - West Side
Alexander, P.W., Col.	Juniper Street - West Side
Alexander, William Henry	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Allen, A.M.	Ash Street

Allen, Charles Henry	Ash Street
Allen, J.A.	Holly Street - West Side
Allen, Joe	Hawthorne Street
Allen, John	Hawthorne Street
Allen, Luther, Col.	Holly Street - West Side
Allen, W.F.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Allen, William H.	Violet Street
Allen, William	Hawthorne Street
Amyett, W.D.	Cypress Street North
Anderson, Mike	Jasmine Street - West Side
Anderson, Peter	Maple Street - West Side
Andrews, Davis A.	Chestnut Street - West Side
Andrews, George E.	Chestnut Street - West Side
Armstrong, J.A.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Arnett, J.M.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Arnold, Jonathan Smith	Evergreen Street - East Side
Asheratt, L.B.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Ataway, L.	Old Cemetery Section
Averette, Eli Monroe	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Bacon, Robert Alston	Old Cemetery Section
Bagley, Francis Marion	Juniper Street - East Side
Bailey, Armstrong	Old Cemetery Section
Bailey, Lloyd	Old Cemetery Section
Baird, John	Walnut Street - East Side
Baker, Unk	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Banks, Edward Sims	Hawthorne Street
Banks, Elbert Augustin	Hawthorne Street
Banks, Eugene, Lt.	Hawthorne Street
Banks, George Young	Myrtle Street - East Side
Banks, Gilmore Rockingham	Hawthorne Street
Banks, John Troup	Hawthorne Street
Banks, Watkins	Hawthorne Street
Banks, William Kelly	Hawthorne Street
Banks, Willis Dustin	Hawthorne Street
Barber, J.W.	Juniper Street - West Side
Barden, Fredonia V.	Alder Street - West Side

Barden, T.W.	Poplar Street - West Side
Barden, William, Col.	Olive Street - East Side
Barker, W.C.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Barnard, Thomas M.	Cedar Street - East Side
Barnett, John N.	Holly Street - West Side
Barr, Hugh W., Cpl.	Alder Street - East Side
Barron, Unk, Capt.	Old Cemetery Section
Barschall, Michael Joseph	Jasmine Street - West Side
Bass, Maston Green, Maj.	Old Cemetery Section
Bates, A.V.	Myrtle Street - West Side
Bates, J.W.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Bates, Thomas Jefferson	Alder Street - East Side
Battle, Thomas W.	Jasmine Street - West Side
Bausch, John G.	Ash Street
Beard, Jesse Alec	Maple Street - East Side
Beasley, J.H.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Bedell, Albert C.	Elm Street - West Side
Bedell, John R.	Elm Street - West Side
Bedell, William Richard, Adj.	Elm Street - East Side
Beecher, Henry B.	Hawthorne Street
Bell, J.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Bellah, Robert P.	Alder Street - East Side
Bennett, William Henry, Capt.	Elm Street - West Side
Benning, Henry L., Gen.	Olive Street - West Side
Benning, Seaborn Jones	Olive Street - West Side
Bercan, Martin T.	Hawthorne Street
Berks, G.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Berry, Thomas B., Capt.	Myrtle Street - East Side
Berry, William W.	Bay Street - West Side
Bethune, Angua J.	Magnolia Avenue - West Side
Biggers, James W.	Willow Street - East Side
Biggers, Joseph Lawson	Maple Street - West Side
Binford, R.J.	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Bize, Charles C.	Jasmine Street - East Side
Bize, Charles G.	Jasmine Street - East Side
Bize, Daniel R.	Jasmine Street - East Side

Blackmar, Alfred Owen, II
 Blair, Edward W.
 Blanchard James H.
 Blanchard, McDougald, Dr.
 Blanchard, Mercer
 Blanchard, Thomas E., Capt.
 Blanford, Mark A., Col.
 Blankenship, W.H.H.
 Blow, Benjamin F., Rev.
 Blue, J.C.
 Boatrite, A.V.
 Boland, J.A., Sgt.
 Boulter, James
 Bowen, John
 Bowers, Lloyd Guyton
 Boyd, A.N.
 Bozeman, W.V.
 Bradford, J.J., Maj.
 Bradley, Forbes
 Brannon, A.M.
 Brannon, William H.
 Brasch, Charles E.
 Brigman, Isaac
 Britt, William R.
 Britton, William B.
 Broadway, J.
 Brodnax, James M.
 Brooks, J.L.
 Brown, John Reid
 Brown, John W.
 Brown, W.A.
 Brown, William S.
 Bryant, John William
 Bryant, Thomas M., Capt.
 Buchanan, C.H.
 Buchanan, Hugh

Evergreen Street - East Side
 Old Cemetery Section
 Cypress Street North
 Laurel Avenue - East Side
 Cypress Street North
 Cypress Street North
 Hawthorne Street
 Magnolia Avenue - East Side
 Poplar Street - East Side
 City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
 Chestnut Street - East Side
 Juniper Street - East Side
 Hawthorne Street
 Ivy Street - East Side
 Violet Street
 Ivy Street - East Side
 Alder Street - West Side
 Bay Street - East Side
 Laurel Avenue - East Side
 Elm Street - West Side
 Elm Street - West Side
 Cherry Street - West Side
 Old Cemetery Section
 Jasmine Street - West Side
 Jasmine Street - East Side
 City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
 Oak Street - West Side
 Walnut Street - West Side
 Chestnut Street - East Side
 Myrtle Street - East Side
 Mulberry Street - West Side
 Bay Street - East Side
 Old Cemetery Section
 Laurel Avenue - West Side
 Holly Street - West Side
 Alder Street - West Side

Bull, Orville A., Sr.	Ivy Street - West Side
Burner, M.A.C.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Burnett, Eugene Paul	Hillside South - Section D
Burrus, George Joseph	Holly Street - East Side
Burrus, J.F.	Jasmine Street - West Side
Burrus, Jacob G.	Myrtle Street - West Side
Burrus, Lawrence M.	Hawthorne Street
Burrus, William	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Burts, Duncan H.	Maple Street - West Side
Bussey, B.W., D.D	Evergreen Street - West Side
Bussey, Hezekiah, Col.	Ivy Street - West Side
Butler, W.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Butt, James	Olive Street - East Side
Butt, W.B.	Olive Street - East Side
Byard, T.A.	Old Cemetery Section
Bynum, E.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Camak, Thomas, Maj.	Olive Street - East Side
Cameron, Henry C.	Cedar Street - West Side
Cameron, John William, Dr.	Plum Street
Camp. Leon Aaron	Old Cemetery Section
Campbell, Jesse H., D.D.	Olive Street - East Side
Campfield, Alexander	Hillside South - Section D
Cannant, M.A.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Careolls, J.C.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Cargill, James E., Sr.	Chestnut Street - West Side
Cargill, John Wesley	Maple Street - West Side
Carmack, William Jackson	Hawthorne Street
Carnes, Patrick Henry	Chestnut Street - West Side
Carson, Albert A.	Holly Street - East Side
Carter, James D.	Magnolia Avenue - West Side
Carter, Robert Elliott	Olive Street - East Side
Carter, S.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Carter, T.S.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Carter, William Arthur	Chestnut Street - East Side
Carter, William Edwards	Magnolia Avenue - West Side
Carter, William Nelson	Olive Street - East Side

Castile, R.A.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Castleman, Humphreys	Cypress Street North
Cates, H.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Catlet, William	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Chaffin, Thomas	Chestnut Street - West Side
Chaffin, W.J.	Chestnut Street - West Side
Chalmers, William E., Lt.	Cedar Street - West Side
Chambers, James H.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Chambers, James M., Jr.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Chambers, Robert Alexander	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Chambers, W.H.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Chambler, J.C.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Chapman, Bradford Thompson	Bay Street - East Side
Chase, George W	Maple Street - West Side
Chatt, J.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Cheek, J.W.	Evergreen Street - East Side
Cheney, J.L., Dr.	Walnut Street - East Side
Cheney, Judge Isaac	Walnut Street - East Side
Chipley, Charles McGee	Section A
Chipley, William Dudley	Section A
Chowing, H.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Church, J.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Clancy, John M.	Ivy Street - East Side
Clapp, Horace	Old Cemetery Section
Clark, C.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Clark, George R.	Alder Street - West Side
Clark, William Lawrence	Magnolia Avenue - West Side
Clary, Samuel M., Lt.	Olive Street - West Side
Cleghorn, Charles	Oak Street - East Side
Cleghorn, S.B.	Holly Street - West Side
Cleghorn, S.B.	Oak Street - East Side
Clements, Robert Nelson	Hawthorne Street
Clifton, William Clairborne,	Evergreen Street - West Side
Coart, William C.	Elm Street - East Side
Coasoe, J.A.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Coffield, John M.	Cypress Street North

Coffield, William J.	Section A
Colbert, John S.	Cypress Street North
Coleman, Charles	Walnut Street - East Side
Coleman, Clifford	Ivy Street - West Side
Coleman, John T.	Ivy Street - West Side
Coleman, L.	Ash Street
Coleman, Thomas Goulding	Chestnut Street - West Side
Collins, Robert E.	Hillside South - Section D
Collum, J.R.M. (or J.R. McCollum)	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Colquitt, Peyton H., Col.	Alder Street - West Side
Comer, James	Cypress Street North
Comer, John H.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Cone, B.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Connor, M.J.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Connor, Pat	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Conoway, C.C.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Cook, J. Carter, Dr. (son)	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Cook, James Carter (father)	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Cook, James T.	Hillside South - Section D
Cooper, Alexander Hamilton	Alder Street - West Side
Cormute, Wiley	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Coulter, Thomas	Plum Street
Cowdery, Lester L.	Holly Street - West Side
Cox, John J.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Cox, Sam	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Crane, Robert S.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Crawford, Bennett H.	Chestnut Street - East Side
Crawford, Martin J.	Olive Street - West Side
Crawford, Reese	Olive Street - West Side
Critchton, Charles	Maple Street - West Side
Crocker, J.C.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Crook, John Martin, Dr.	Jasmine Street - West Side
Curran, Peterr	Myrtle Street - West Side
Curry, James T.	Juniper Street - West Side
Curso, J.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Curtis, Norris Newton	Hawthorne Street

Cutts, W.A.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Daniel, James T.	Cypress Street North
Daniel, R.A.	Section A
Daniel, William	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Darden, J.B., Col.	Myrtle Street - West Side
Darden, Unk	Oak Street - West Side
Davenport, J.D.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Davidson, Unk	Ivy Street - West Side
Davis, A.B.	Magnolia Avenue - West Side
Davis, E.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Davis, John Eayers	Bay Street - West Side
Davis, R.A.	Oak Street - West Side
Davis, Robert R.	Oak Street - West Side
Davis, W.A.	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Davis, W.S.	Magnolia Avenue - West Side
Dawson, E.L.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Dawson, O.G.	Hawthorne Street
Dawson, Townes	Juniper Street - West Side
Dean, C.E.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Deaton, James Eugene	Old Cemetery Section
DeGeorge, Constintine	Maple Street - East Side
Deignan, Patrick	Myrtle Street - West Side
Deignan, Richard.	Myrtle Street - West Side
Delaunay, Harrison Jones	Oak Street - East Side
Dennis, G.M.	Elm Street - West Side
Dennis, James W.	Ash Street
Denson, William	Verbena Street
Dent, A.S.	Violet Street
Dessau, Moses H.	Jews Lot
Dett, John P.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
DeVore, T.J.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
DeVotie, James Harvey, Rev.	Evergreen Street - East Side
DeVotie, Noble Leslie, D.D.	Evergreen Street - East Side
DeWolf, Thomas	Willow Street - West Side
Dexter, Amory	Hawthorne Street
Dexter, Charles Edward	Laurel Avenue - West Side

Dickert, H.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Dillard, Frank W.	Jasmine Street - East Side
Dillingham, George W.	Juniper Street - East Side
Dimon, Samuel	Hillside South - Section D
Dinkins, A.	Section A
Dismukes, Elisha Paul	Evergreen Street - West Side
Dixon, Henry Bacon	Oak Street - West Side
Dixon, Robert Emmet	Elm Street - East Side
Dixon, Stephen Marshall	Evergreen Street - West Side
Doles, George W., Sr.	Old Cemetery Section
Dorsey, Mortimer	Plum Street
Douglas, George C.	Cypress Street North
Douglas, Thomas J.	Myrtle Street - West Side
Dozier, Alonza, Capt.	Section A
Dozier, John Beall	Willow Street - East Side
Dubleson, W.H.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Dudley, Charles H.	Evergreen Street - East Side
Dudley, Thomas Jefferson	Hawthorne Street
Duffy, C.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Duncan, D.D.	Old Cemetery Section
Duncan, John, Sr.	Bay Street - East Side
Duncan, Thomas Marion	Maple Street - East Side
Dunlop, John	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Dunn, M.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Eason, WO.	Poplar Street - West Side
Echols, J.H., Lt.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Edwards, H.W., Dr.	Chestnut Street - West Side
Elinore, C.S.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Ellis, Lizzie Rutherford	Old Cemetery Section
Ellis, Rosewell, Capt.	Old Cemetery Section
Ellison, John	Old Cemetery Section
Ellison, Joseph F.	Plum Street
Elmore, B.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Embry, J.N.	Oak Street - West Side
Enderman, Robert	Walnut Street - East Side
Ennis, Dave	Maple Street - East Side

Ennis, Robert	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Epping, H.H.	Oak Street - East Side
Estes, Charles Edward	Walnut Street - West Side
Estes, Joel Marion	Walnut Street - West Side
Etheridge, C.A.	Cypress Street North
Everett, Henry Francis	Oak Street - West Side
Everett, John S.	Oak Street - West Side
Everett, Thomas W. (Died 10/9/1891)	Oak Street - West Side
Faber, Edward Augustus	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Fand, J.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Fanning, I.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Fanning, J.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Farr, J.H.C.	Mulberry Street - East Side
Faulkenberry, Unk	Bay Street - West Side
Fee, William	Plum Street
Ferguson, William	Willow Street - West Side
Ferguson, Thomas, Lt.	Willow Street - West Side
Ferrell, J.E.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Flannigan, A.	Section A
Fletcher, James Momroe	Hillside South - Section D
Flewellen, Abner C.	Evergreen Street - East Side
Flournoy, Charles Gordon	Juniper Street - West Side
Flournoy, George R.	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Flournoy, Jno F.	Juniper Street - West Side
Flournoy, Josiah	Juniper Street - West Side
Flournoy, Robert	Poplar Street - East Side
Fogle, J.A.	Holly Street - West Side
Fogle, John Jacob	Oak Street - East Side
Fogle, Theodore Turner, Lt.	Holly Street - West Side
Fogle, William Jacob, Dr.	Old Cemetery Section
Fontaine, Benjamin B.	Old Cemetery Section
Fontaine, Francis	Old Cemetery Section
Fontaine, John	Old Cemetery Section
Fontaine, Teophilus Stewart, Capt.	Old Cemetery Section
Foran, George W.	Old Cemetery Section
Foran, James	Old Cemetery Section

Foran, John
 Fousle, J.W.
 Frazer, J.A.
 Frazer, John M.
 Freeman W.S.
 Fuller, Joseph Prior
 Fuller, Sam L.
 Fulmer, R.
 Gafford, G.W.
 Gammel, Abraham
 Gann, Henry C.
 Gann, Taylor
 Gardner, Joseph M., Dr.
 Garrard, Louis Ford
 Garrett, B.P. (or Barrett, B.P.)
 Garrett, DeWitt Clinton
 Gaston, T.B.
 Gibson, Hiram A.
 Gibson, Wiley J.
 Gilbert, Jasper Newton
 Gilbert, Thomas
 Gilmore, T.K.
 Glasscock, C.
 Glenn, Thomas W.
 Glittinger, P.W., Capt.
 Godwine, William
 Goetchius, John Micajah
 Goetchius, William Edward
 Goforth, L.P.
 Golden, George Jasper
 Goodwin, William
 Gordon, Augustus Manly
 Gordy, L.F., Lt.
 Gowin, R.
 Grantham, W.
 Gray, Marion Edgar

Old Cemetery Section
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Oak Street - East Side
 Holly Street - East Side
 Laurel Avenue - East Side
 Evergreen Street - West Side
 City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Juniper Street - West Side
 Magnolia Avenue - West Side
 Verbena Street
 Ivy Street - West Side
 Olive Street - East Side
 Olive Street - East Side
 City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
 Jasmine Street - East Side
 City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
 Jasmine Street - East Side
 Ash Street
 Hawthorne Street
 Old Cemetery Section
 Ash Street
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Poplar Street - East Side
 Holly Street - East Side
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Elm Street - West Side
 Elm Street - West Side
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Section A
 Poplar Street - East Side
 Cypress Street North
 Myrtle Street - East Side
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Verbena Street
 Maple Street - West Side

Gray, William C.	Ash Street
Gray, William H.	Section A
Greentree, Julius	Jews Lot
Greer, Thomas J.	Maple Street - East Side
Gregory, Robert Taylor	Oak Street - East Side
Griggs, William Maxwell	Alder Street - West Side
Grimes, Clifford Bowdre	Cedar Street - West Side
Grimes, George Joseph, Dr.	Ivy Street - West Side
Grimes, Thomas Wingfield, Dr.	Ivy Street - West Side
Gropp, W.E., Capt.	Olive Street - West Side
Guillet, S. Isidore, Adj't.	Section A
Gunby, Robert Beal	Section A
Gunn, D.G. (or C.)	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Hagins, James S.	Hillside South - Section D
Haile, Edward	Bay Street - East Side
Hall, W. (T) or (H)	Alder Street - East Side
Hamilton, J.H.	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Hampton, H.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Hannifan, William	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Hanserd, Joseph	Cypress Street North
Hardaway, James Jarratt, Dr.	Cedar Street - East Side
Hardaway, Robert Archelaus, Col.	Magnolia Avenue - West Side
Hardaway, Robert Stanfield, Maj.	Cedar Street - East Side
Harden, N.B.	Ash Street
Hargett H.	Hillside South - Section D
Harmin or (Heiman), Lewis	Jews Lot
Harper, J.H. or (R).	Old Cemetery Section
Harrell, Oscar C.	Bay Street - West Side
Harris, Alexander S.	Section A
Harris, Americus	Old Cemetery Section
Harris, D.	Holly Street - East Side
Harris, J.R.	Old Cemetery Section
Harris, Jephtha Crawford	Holly Street - West Side
Harris, Walton B.	Walnut Street - East Side
Harris, William T., Col.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Harrison, Aaron L.	Cypress Street North

Harrison, William Pope, D.D., LL.D
 Hartson, W.
 Harvey, Unk
 Harvy, William Thomas
 Haston, A.P.
 Hatcher, Benjamin T.
 Hawes, Richard Randolph
 Hays, George A.
 Heard, George Philip
 Heard, W.J.
 Hennis, Henry
 Henry, Beverly Marshall
 Heyman, Charles
 Higgs, F.
 Hill, Joseph Booker
 Hines, Bryan Randolph, Capt.
 Hines, Thomas J.
 Hines, Unk
 Hochstrasser, Charles E.
 Hodges, John W.
 Hodges, Wesley C.
 Hogan, G.P.
 Hogan, Jacob L.
 Hogan, James
 Holland, James Thomas
 Hollingshead, J.
 Holmes, James G.
 Holstead, Unk
 Holstead, Willis S.
 Holt, Bolling Hall, Col.
 Homes, Joseph W.
 Hooper, Charles Mallett, Col.
 Hooper, George Debernieri
 Horn, Owen Thomas
 Horne, G.W.
 Horne, R.M.

Old Cemetery Section
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Old Cemetery Section
 Evergreen Street - West Side
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Maple Street - East Side
 Jasmine Street - East Side
 Old Cemetery Section
 Bay Street - West Side
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Myrtle Street - West Side
 Maple Street - East Side
 Jews Lot
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Cypress Street North
 Myrtle Street - West Side
 Oak Street - East Side
 Laurel Avenue - West Side
 Myrtle Street - East Side
 Old Cemetery Section
 Old Cemetery Section
 Elm Street - West Side
 Elm Street - West Side
 Cedar Street - West Side
 Old Cemetery Section
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Evergreen Street - West Side
 Walnut Street - East Side
 Walnut Street - East Side
 Cypress Street North
 Juniper Street - West Side
 Holly Street - West Side
 Holly Street - West Side
 Evergreen Street - West Side
 Old Cemetery Section
 Old Cemetery Section

Horne, T.J.	Old Cemetery Section
Howard, Homer V. or U.	Old Cemetery Section
Howard, Homer W.	Jasmine Street - East Side
Howard, James W., Rev.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Howard, James W., Rev.	Section A
Howard, N.	Walnut Street - West Side
Howard, Nicholas L.	Walnut Street - West Side
Howard, S.J.	Myrtle Street - West Side
Hoyle, Dr. Wayne	Hillside South - Section D
Huckeba, G.A.	Holly Street - East Side
Hudson, Benjamin Hall	Elm Street - West Side
Hudson, W.F.	Alder Street - West Side
Huff, C.L.	Poplar Street - West Side
Huff, Joseph	Hawthorne Street
Hughes, J.D.	Old Cemetery Section
Hughes, William Henry	Bay Street - West Side
Humber, Lucius F.	Walnut Street - West Side
Humphy, M.E.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Hundon, A.E.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Hungerford, George	Maple Street - East Side
Hunt, Thomas J.	Hillside South - Section D
Hunter, A.	Elm Street - East Side
Hunter, John A.	Elm Street - East Side
Hunter, Richard Josiah	Myrtle Street - West Side
Hunter, William C., Rev.	Myrtle Street - East Side
Hurt, C.W.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Hurt, William Barlow, Capt.	Magnolia Avenue - West Side
Hutchins, J.H.	Plum Street
Illges, Abraham	Jasmine Street - East Side
Ingle, B.F.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Ingmire, Dock	Evergreen Street - East Side
Irvin, John Y.	Old Cemetery Section
Iverson, John A., Col.	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Jackson, William H	Hillside South - Section D.
James, M.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
James, W.C.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner

Jefferson, Emory	Maple Street - West Side
Jefferson, J.	Bay Street - West Side
Jefferson, Rollin	Maple Street - West Side
Jenkins, E.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Jenkins, Felix J.	Holly Street - East Side
Johnson, Augustus	Old Cemetery Section
Johnson, Berry L.	Alder Street - West Side
Johnson, Ephraim M.	Violet Street
Johnson, Frank C.	Alder Street - East Side
Johnson, Joel T.	Alder Street - East Side
Johnson, Virgil Milton	Evergreen Street - West Side
Johnston, Calvin Evans	Magnolia Avenue - West Side
Johnston, Dr. David W.	Hillside South - Section D
Jones, James Randall	Chestnut Street - West Side
Jones, James	Willow Street - East Side
Jones, John A. Col.	Olive Street - East Side
Jones, Joseph J.	Ash Street
Jones, Richard	Old Cemetery Section
Jones, Robert C.	Jasmine Street - West Side
Jones, W.R.	China Street
Jones, William B.	Bay Street - West Side
Jordan, G. Gunby	Hawthorne Street
Jordan, J.C.	Walnut Street - West Side
Jordan, J.L.	Chestnut Street - West Side
Jordan, R.P.	Hillside South - Section D
Jordan, S.N.	Hillside South - Section D
Jordan, S.N.	Hillside South - Section D
Jordan, W.F.	Hillside South - Section D
Kaufman, Julius	Jews Lot
Kelton, Robert	Old Cemetery Section
Kendall, C.A., Capt.	Alder Street - East Side
Kern, Emanuel	Jews Lot
Kerniker, Edward	Jews Lot
Kerniker, Jacob	Jews Lot
Key, William M.	Cedar Street - West Side
Keyes, Henry C.	Magnolia Avenue - West Side

Kilcave, M.
 Kimbrough, A.M., Lt.
 Kimbrough, J.C.
 Kimbrough, John Sanford
 Kimbrough, O.S.
 Kimbrough, O.S., Capt.
 King, Harry, Lt.
 King, John
 King, Joseph
 King, William T.
 Kinsel, Charles M.
 Kirksey, E.J., Dr.
 Kirven, Alexander C.
 Kite, F.M.
 Klink, Charles A.
 Knight, George S. , Rev.
 Knight, Rodolpus B.
 Knowles, James C.C.
 Lamb, Marshall
 Langley, Samuel B.
 Lapham. George L.
 Layfield, Christopher Columbus
 Ledbetter, J.D.
 Ledsinger, Robert W
 Lee, B.H.
 Lee, Michael H.
 Leitner, Charles Bruckner, Dr.
 Leonard, Van Asbury, Capt.
 Leonard, Van, Col. (born 1790)
 Lewis, Artemis
 Lewis, Thomas J.
 Ligon, William
 Lindsey, George
 Lindsey, John B.
 Little, William A.
 Lloyd, Charles B.

City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Magnolia Avenue - West Side
 Violet Street
 Violet Street
 Old Cemetery Section
 Magnolia Avenue - West Side
 Hawthorne Street
 Hawthorne Street
 Bay Street - West Side
 Cypress Street North
 Bay Street - East Side
 Bay Street - West Side
 Oak Street - West Side
 Poplar Street - West Side
 Cedar Street - West Side
 Old Cemetery Section
 Evergreen Street - East Side
 Laurel Avenue - East Side
 Old Cemetery Section
 Bay Street - East Side
 Jasmine Street - West Side
 Oak Street - East Side
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Hillside South - Section D
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Jasmine Street - West Side
 Jasmine Street - East Side
 Olive Street - East Side
 Olive Street - East Side
 Hillside South - Section D
 Cedar Street - West Side
 Chestnut Street - East Side
 Myrtle Street - West Side
 Cedar Street - West Side
 Laurel Avenue - East Side
 Ash Street

Lloyd, Sid O.	Willow Street - West Side
Lockhart, Robert B.	Jasmine Street - West Side
Love, John	Olive Street - West Side
Lovelace, C.A.	Holly Street - West Side
Lowe, Andrew Jackson	Myrtle Street - West Side
Lowe, Emmett Ray	Myrtle Street - West Side
Lowther, A.A., Col.	Oak Street - West Side
Luckie, W.F.	Willow Street - West Side
Lynch, Louis May	Bay Street - West Side
Lynn, G.T.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Marchant, A.D., Lt.	Poplar Street - East Side
Marcum, Benjamin F.	Ivy Street - West Side
Markham, Timothy	Chestnut Street - East Side
Marth, Duncan	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Martin, J.W.	Alder Street - West Side
Martin, John Henry	Holly Street - West Side
Martin, Ulysses L.	Maple Street - West Side
Martin, William H.	Bay Street - East Side
Martiniere, William Ashe	Olive Street - West Side
Massey, J. Warren	Evergreen Street - East Side
Masters, Mark M.	Myrtle Street - East Side
Matheson, Alexander S.	Cherry Street - West Side
Mathews, J.A.	Walnut Street - East Side
Matthews, John Smith	Jasmine Street - West Side
Matthews, Thomas T.	Walnut Street - East Side
Mauil, Unk	Section A
Mayo, Z.N.	Myrtle Street - West Side
McArdle, Felix	Cypress Street North
McArdle, Francis J.	Hawthorne Street
McArdle, Thomas	Hawthorne Street
McArthur, Daniel	Laurel Avenue - West Side
McCarty, John B., Capt.	Magnolia Avenue - East Side
McCauley, H.	Myrtle Street - East Side
McCollister, Thomas	Old Cemetery Section
McCollister, William	Old Cemetery Section
McCrary, A.Y.	Evergreen Street - West Side

McCrary, E.B.	Magnolia Avenue - West Side
McCroan, H.M.	Maple Street - East Side
McCroan, H.M.	Walnut Street - West Side
McCulloch, R.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
McDaniel, John F.	Hillside South - Section D
McDonald, A.D.	Magnolia Avenue - East Side
McDonald, Hugh	Jasmine Street - East Side
McDonald, Joseph Bibb	Old Cemetery Section
McDougal, William A.	Juniper Street - West Side
McDougald, Daniel, Gen.	Elm Street - East Side
McDougald, Duncan, Col.	Elm Street - East Side
McEachern, R.D.	Old Cemetery Section
McGehee, Allen Clement	Hawthorne Street
McGehee, Christopher C.	Bay Street - West Side
McGovern or (McGowan), Patrick	Poplar Street - West Side
McGovern, William	Hawthorne Street
McKee, Hockley Cloyd	Juniper Street - East Side
McKee, John J.	Cypress Street North
McKenney, D.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
McLoughlin, Stephen	Mulberry Street - East Side
McMichael, Alfred W.	Old Cemetery Section
McMicheal, Seaborn W.	Walnut Street - West Side
McNeill, James M.	Myrtle Street - West Side
Meadows, R.C.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Mealing, John H.	Old Cemetery Section
Mehaffey, William	Cypress Street North
Meigs, Henry V.	Ash Street
Middlebrooks, Hiram	Cypress Street North
Milford, R.W.	Ivy Street - East Side
Miller, Charles W.	Old Cemetery Section
Miller, F.E.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Miller, George T.	Poplar Street - West Side
Mitchell, Edward	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Mitchell, Francis Hart	Evergreen Street - East Side
Mitchell, Thomas S., Dr.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Moffett, Charles Jackson	Laurel Avenue - East Side

Moffett, Henry P.	Poplar Street - East Side
Monday, William	Evergreen Street - East Side
Moore, H.B.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Moore, J.R.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Moore, J.W., Maj.	Bay Street - West Side
Moore, James Franklin	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Moore, Montague M.	Old Cemetery Section
Moore, Robert	Violet Street
Moore, William Randolph	Myrtle Street - West Side
Mooty, A.P., Col.	Elm Street - East Side
Morris, Charles H.	Old Cemetery Section
Moses, Isaac Isiah	Jews Lot
Mott, John R.	Olive Street - West Side
Mullins, Unk	Elm Street - East Side
Mullins, W.J.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Munn, David G.	Myrtle Street - East Side
Munn, John R.	Myrtle Street - East Side
Munn, John	Myrtle Street - East Side
Murdoch, Robert Bridges, Jr.	Juniper Street - West Side
Murphy, Joseph P., Cpl.	Jasmine Street - East Side
Murphy, Matthew W., Sgt.	Jasmine Street - East Side
Murphy, Samuel G.	Maple Street - West Side
Murphy, Unk	Alder Street - West Side
Murray, A.J.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Mustian, John Lloyd	Cedar Street - East Side
Names, Thomas	Plum Street
Neill, George Haile	Bay Street - West Side
Nelsen, Thomas M., Col.	Olive Street - East Side
Neuffer, C.F.	Section A
Newsome, Aladdin T.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Newsome, John B.	Oak Street - East Side
Nichols, R.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Nix, F.T.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Nobbs, J.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Noble, Charles E.	Oak Street - West Side
Norman, Richard Marks	Evergreen Street - West Side

Norwood, John, Dr.	Willow Street - West Side
Nuckolls, James Thornton	Bay Street - East Side
Nuckolls, Nathaniel A.	Bay Street - East Side
Nuckolls, Thomas J.	Bay Street - West Side
Nuckolls, William Thomas, Lt.	Bay Street - East Side
O'Brien, L.F.	Cypress Street North
Odom, Abraham	Old Cemetery Section
Ogletree, Clairborn	Poplar Street - West Side
Ogletree, James T.	Bay Street - East Side
Ogletree, Seaborn	Jasmine Street - West Side
Oliver, J.M.	Old Cemetery Section
O'Neil, P.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Owen, Allen F.	Old Cemetery Section
Pacetty, Unk (1)	Walnut Street - West Side
Pacetty, Unk (2)	Walnut Street - West Side
Pack, William	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Page, Isaac	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Palmer, John B.	Cypress Street North
Palmer, Samuel Bell	Old Cemetery Section
Parham, Thomas	Plum Street
Parkyn, Hugh H.	Holly Street - West Side
Parramore, John Robert	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Patrick, A.H.	Old Cemetery Section
Patrick, Alford M.	Myrtle Street - West Side
Patrick, J.W.	Hillside South - Section D
Patrick, James Jack	Hillside South - Section D
Patten, Martha Ann Hodges	Old Cemetery Section
Patterson, Daniel G.	Evergreen Street - East Side
Patterson, Madison Louis	Hawthorne Street
Peabdy, John	Hawthorne Street
Peacock, Gideon J.	Myrtle Street - East Side
Pearce, T.I.	Magnolia Avenue - East Side
Pease, David E.	Cedar Street - East Side
Peddy, David	Old Cemetery Section
Peddy, George	Magnolia Avenue - West Side
Perry, James	Laurel Avenue - West Side

Perry, P.P.	Boxwood Street
Perry, Richard, II	Cypress Street North
Persons, I.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Pfohl, William Lewis	Oak Street - East Side
Phelps, Charles, Capt.	Old Cemetery Section
Phelps, Charles, Capt.	Section A
Phelps, George	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Phelps, William Henry Harrison, Capt.	Elm Street - West Side
Philips, Charles	Cedar Street - East Side
Philips, Lovick W., M.D.	Juniper Street - East Side
Philips, P.J., Gen.	Ivy Street - West Side
Phillips, F.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Phillips, J.W.	Old Cemetery Section
Phipps, Joseph	Jasmine Street - East Side
Pittman, Thomas Jasper	Oak Street - West Side
Poe, Oliver P., Capt.	Ash Street
Pomeroy, Frederick Alphonso	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Pond, George Y.	Olive Street - West Side
Pond, William E.	Olive Street - West Side
Pool, William Thompson, Dr.	Hawthorne Street
Pope, Robert C.	Cedar Street - West Side
Porter, Charles Thomas	Elm Street - West Side
Porter, J.C.	Alder Street - East Side
Potter, Richard	Evergreen Street - East Side
Pou, Joseph Felder	Elm Street - West Side
Prather, Anderson Clarke	Jasmine Street - West Side
Preer, Peter	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Preston, Whitfield E.	Elm Street - West Side
Preston, William E.	Elm Street - West Side
Price, F.M.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Price, T.M.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Pride, M.T.	Old Cemetery Section
Pride, R.T., Col.	Bay Street - West Side
Proffit, Littlepage Ryan	Poplar Street - East Side
Profumo, Francis Xavier	Maple Street - East Side
Pruett, A.H.	Old Cemetery Section

Pryor, Hugh	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Pursell, D. (P.) or (R.)	Boxwood Street
Radcliff, George W., Jr.	Bay Street - East Side
Ragland, Albert E.	Olive Street - East Side
Ragland, Gilmore, Capt.	Olive Street - East Side
Ragland, O.S., Capt.	Olive Street - East Side
Ragland, Thomas, Capt.	Olive Street - East Side
Raiford, Elijah G., Capt	Bay Street - West Side
Railey, Joseph M.	Old Cemetery Section
Rainey, R.E.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Ramsey, G.N., Col.	Myrtle Street - East Side
Ramsey, W.R.	Myrtle Street - East Side
Redd, Charles A., Capt.	Hawthorne Street
Redd, James K., Jr.	Juniper Street - East Side
Redd, N.L.	Cedar Street - West Side
Redd, William	Hawthorne Street
Redd, William, Jr.	Evergreen Street - West Side
Rees, John M.N., Lt.	Old Cemetery Section
Reid, B.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Reid, T.W.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Rembert, M.C.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Renfro, Alfred James	Magnolia Avenue - East Side
Renfro, George M.	Willow Street - East Side
Rentfrow, J.K.	Poplar Street - West Side
Reynolds, M.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Reynolds, Robert S.	Poplar Street - East Side
Richardson, B.H.	Cherry Street - East Side
Richie, D.S.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Riley, John	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Roach, F.A.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Robb, John	Mulberry Street - East Side
Roberts, R.J.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Robertson, George	Poplar Street - West Side
Robinson, A.C.	Cherry Street - West Side
Robinson, A.W.	Bay Street - West Side
Robinson, J.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner

Robinson, S.E., Adj.	Bay Street - West Side
Robinson, T.C.	Myrtle Street - West Side
Robinson, W.L., Capt.	Jasmine Street - West Side
Robinson, William T.	Oak Street - West Side
Robison, Alexander Irwin	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Rogers, Eugene W.	Chestnut Street - East Side
Rooney, C.W.	City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
Roper, S.T.	Maple Street - West Side
Rowe, H.E., M.D.	Verbena Street
Rumsey, Unk	Hillside South - Section D
Rumsey, Unk	Hillside South - Section D
Russ, M.M.	Ash Street
Russell, Charles R., Capt.	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Russell, James M.	Laurel Avenue - East Side
Ryckee, C. Edward	Oak Street - East Side
Ryckele, John Emile	Oak Street - East Side
Saldin, V.K.	Holly Street - West Side
Salisbury, William Lewis	Myrtle Street - West Side
Sample, James Beard	Hillside South - Section D
Sanderford, W.E.	Old Cemetery Section
Sapp, W.P.	Laurel Avenue - West Side
Sauls, J.B.	Hillside South - Section D
Sawyer, H.S.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Schackelford, J.F., Dr.	Hawthorne Street
Scheltan, T.B.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Schenn, John	Hillside South - Section D
Schley, Thomas B., Capt.	Old Cemetery Section
Schley, Thomas F.	Old Cem. Section (Memorial only. Body resting at Fort Benning)
Schley, William	Old Cemetery Section
Schuessler, Lewis G.	Elm Street - East Side
Scott, J.J.	City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
Scott, John Burgess	Myrtle Street - West Side
Scott, Thad B., Col	Violet Street
Sedbury, Unk	Bay Street - East Side
Semmes, Paul J. (Capt. Cols Guards)	Evergreen Street - East Side
Shackleford, William Capers	Myrtle Street - West Side

Sharp, Francis Marion
 Shaw, B.P.
 Shaw, David J.
 Shaw, William D.
 Sheperd, William Smythe, Lt. Col.
 Shepherd, A.H.
 Shepherd, Edward T.
 Sherdlif, W.
 Sheridan, L.M.
 Sheridan, Robert S.
 Shipp, George Franklin
 Shivers, C.A.
 Shorter, G.H.
 Shorts, A.L.
 Sikes, Jesse Hodges, Major
 Silas, P.M.
 Simons, Henry P.
 Slade, James Jeremiah, Maj.
 Slade, John Henry
 Smith, C.S.
 Smith, Hobson C.A.
 Smith, I.C.
 Smith, J.D.
 Smith, J.J.
 Smith, James, Capt.
 Smith, Josiah H.
 Smith, Unk
 Smith, W.H.
 Smith, W.S.
 Smith, Whit
 Smith, William T., Capt.
 Smith, William
 Snast, L.W.
 Snyder, Jesse
 Sommerkamp, Ferdinand Julius
 Spear, Thomas S.

Juniper Street - West Side
 Maple Street - West Side
 Section A
 Hillside South - Section D
 Evergreen Street - East Side
 Walnut Street - West Side
 Laurel Avenue - East Side
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Hawthorne Street
 Poplar Street - East Side
 Plum Street
 Mulberry Street - East Side
 Juniper Street - West Side
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Evergreen Street - West Side
 Hillside South - Section D
 Jasmine Street - East Side
 Cedar Street - West Side
 Cedar Street - West Side
 City Light Guard - Southwest Corner
 Cherry Street - East Side
 Myrtle Street - East Side
 Plum Street
 Holly Street - West Side
 Oak Street - West Side
 Jasmine Street - East Side
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Plum Street
 Alder Street - East Side
 Holly Street - West Side
 Chestnut Street - East Side
 Ash Street
 City Light Guard - Southeast Corner
 Hawthorne Street
 Magnolia Avenue - East Side
 Hawthorne Street

Spencer, Lambert W.
 Spencer, Perry
 Spencer, William Yonge
 Spindell, Charles
 Springer, Francis Joseph
 Springer, Unk
 St. Clair, John
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Book Reviews

The Triumph of the Ecunnaux-Nuxulgee: Land Speculators, George M. Troup, State Rights, and the Removal of the Creek Indians from Georgia and Alabama, 1825-38. William W. Winn. Macon: Mercer University Press, 2015. 554 pp. ISBN 978-0-8814-6522-8.



In the 1960s, author William W. Winn covered the civil rights movement for the *Atlanta Journal-Constitution*, writing countless stories about the struggles of African Americans to overcome hundreds of years of white supremacy and oppression. In many ways, *The Triumph of the Ecunnaux-Nuxulgee* is a continuation of this work. "I identify the book with civil rights," Winn told an interviewer in July 2015. "In fact, I realized after I'd written it, in addition to being about Indian removal and the details of the land speculation, it's a book about how we got to be white supremacists. And how the 'state rights' argument developed under the necessity of defending slavery and defending Indian removal. They're directly connected."¹¹¹

Winn's book, jointly published by Mercer University Press and the Historic Chattahoochee Commission, chronicles the removal of the Creek Indians from Georgia and Alabama in the 1820s and 1830s. It begins with the fabled journey of the Marquis de Lafayette through the southeast in 1825, when the Creek nation stood on the precipice of ruin and defeat, and ends with the Second Creek War and removal. In between, Winn skillfully weaves together a story of corruption, betrayal, avarice, and crushed hopes, when the United States failed to honor its commitments and provide protection to a desperate and broken people. It's as much a warning as it is an indictment of the American system.

Built on a wide variety of primary and secondary sources, Winn's narrative focuses on the efforts of the *Ecunnaux-Nuxulgee* (a Creek or Muscogee term traditionally translated as "those greedily grasping after lands") to gain control of the remaining Creek lands in west Georgia and east Alabama. The land speculators, farmers, and entrepreneurs who desired these lands were aided in their efforts by a cast of opportunistic politicians, state rights advocates, and Creek turncoats. In the first half of the book, we are introduced to Georgia Governor George M. Troup, the "Oracle of State Rights," who brought his state dangerously close to an armed conflict with the U.S. government by demanding that President John Quincy Adams honor the Treaty of Indian Springs (1825) and begin removing the Creek Indians from Georgia. Many in the Creek nation, however, suspected that the treaty had been fraudulently conceived. They accused William McIntosh, Troup's cousin and a mix-blood Lower Creek chieftain, of coaxing and bribing a handful of his peers into signing the treaty against the wishes of the majority. Chief McIntosh, a hero of the Creek War of 1813-14, would eventually pay for this betrayal with his life. As for Troup, the two-term governor would emerge triumphant in his clash with the federal government, as subsequent treaties would cede all of the remaining Creek lands in Georgia to the United States and thus pave the way for white settlement. Winn argues that Troup's defiant stand against the federal government helped set the table for the sectional crisis of the late antebellum period. "Troup was not just seen by many of his contemporaries as a defender of state sovereignty but as the originator of a practical dialectic by which the South could simultaneously rid itself of its Indians and defend itself against the forces of

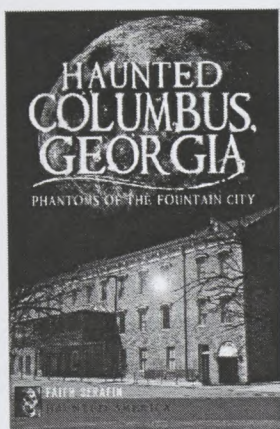
¹¹¹ Scott Freeman, "Q&A: William Winn on his Book about Indian Removal, Greed and Georgia's Great but Forgotten Tribe," *ArtsATL*, July 24, 2015, accessed November 26, 2015, <http://www.artsatl.com/2015/07/qa-william-winn-ecunna-nuxulgee-creek-indians/>.

consolidation and abolition in the North," he writes. "Moreover, by virtue of the latter, he helped preserve slavery and the racial sovereignty of Southern whites for future generations...Whereas John C. Calhoun had shown Southerners how they might secede from the Union through nullification, George M. Troup showed them how, if they were willing to stand by their arms they might remain within the Union and keep their slaves" (p. 470).

In the second half of the book, Winn examines the Treaty of Washington (1832), the half-hearted efforts of the federal government to keep white intruders out of the remaining Creek lands in Alabama, the scheming designs of greedy land speculators, and the Second Creek War of 1836. In the Treaty of Washington (also known as the Treaty of Cussetta), the Creeks agreed to cede all of their lands east of the Mississippi River to the United States. In return, they would receive comparable lands in the West and financial compensation. Those Creeks who elected to remain in Alabama would be given land allotments and would have to abide by state and federal laws. Until the ceded lands could be properly surveyed and allotted, the federal government promised to keep white intruders out of the Creek territory. But before the ink could dry on the treaty, hundreds of rapacious whites descended upon Creek lands, seeking ways to defraud and cheat the inhabitants out of their lands. The federal government seemed powerless (or perhaps unwilling) to stop it. In Winn's estimate, the worst offenders came from the newly formed town of Columbus, Georgia. "They immediately sent agents and strikers with supplies of whiskey and cheap goods into the Creek Nation with orders to get the Indians into debt so as to force them to sign mortgages on their lands," he writes. The strikers "were instructed to hunt down the Indian recipients of allotments, using what means of persuasion necessary, convince them to sign away their lands for a pittance" (p. 324). Members of the Columbus Land Company, such as Seaborn Jones, Eli S. Shorter, James Wadsworth, and G.W. Dillingham, devised countless ways to separate the Creeks from their native lands. And they seemed to have no qualms about doing so. "Now is the time, or never!" wrote Eli Shorter. "Hurrah boys! Here goes it! Let's steal all we can. I shall go for it, or get no lands! Now or never!" (p. 386). By 1836, the fraud, abuse, and perfidy had reached such a level that an untold number of Creeks, desperate and out of options, openly rebelled against the white community. In the aftermath of the brief but bloody Second Creek War, thousands of Creeks were removed to the Oklahoma territory, bringing the narrative to a bitter and tragic conclusion.

Winn's book, meticulously researched and artfully composed, should take its place alongside John Ellisor's *The Second Creek War: Interethnic Conflict and Collusion on a Collapsing Frontier*, as the definitive statement on Creek Indian removal and the Second Creek War. But the influence of *The Triumph of the Ecunnau-Nuxulgee* should extend beyond this, as it links Indian removal with state rights and the emerging conflict between the southern states and federal government. Governor George M. Troup, Winn writes, "was among the first of the long line of demagogues to discover the magic formula for successfully political campaigning in the South – race baiting, state rights and demonization of the federal government. Few sectional political strategies have enjoyed greater longevity in this country or had a more pernicious effect" (p. 470). Hence, *The Triumph of the Ecunnau-Nuxulgee* provides more than just a history of Creek Indian removal. It helps explain why southerners continue to cling to a political doctrine – state rights – that has only invited pain, humiliation, and defeat to the region.

Dr. Gary S. Sprayberry, Columbus State University



Haunted Columbus, Georgia: Phantoms of the Fountain City. Faith Serafin. Charleston: The History Press, 2012. 128 pp. ISBN 978-1609495527.

In the book *Haunted Columbus, Georgia: Phantoms of the Fountain City*, the author Faith Serafin, compiles a collection of eerie local histories that each contribute to her larger argument that spirits remain in the Fountain City. The author uses a medley of historical locations, most of which are well-known by the local population. Her main argument centers around the secrets in the history of the Fountain City, stretching back to the Native American tribes that inhabited the area, and that those same secrets have lingered after their departure from the living.

The author uses interviews, histories, and experiences that the Alabama Paranormal team has experienced to support her claims. Beginning with the Springer Opera House and working her way through the area, stretching as far east as Talbotton County and across the Chattahoochee River to Phenix City, the author begins each chapter with a history of the specific area or character and proceeds to incorporate those interviews and experiences to further give credence to the spirits occupying the Fountain City. Throughout the chapters, some names are given while others are not. For example, the author names Blind Tom, but gives no name for the girl who supposedly fell to her death from a balcony of the Springer Opera House. The lack of evidence supporting the existence of some of the unnamed figures in the book casts a considerable shadow of doubt onto the legitimacy of those particular spirits. Regardless, the author does present several major figures from local history that lived interesting and unsettling lives that perhaps lingered after death.

For those interested in exploring the local history of Columbus, Georgia, Serafin's book presents many different avenues that one could venture down. For skeptics and believers alike, the book draws attention to many historic landmarks throughout the city. Researchers specifically might find this book to be stepping stone into their own research endeavors. In some ways, looking at the histories alone, instead of the material of her arguments, act as a kind of reference source for other people who may want broad coverage of the different places with intriguing histories. Thus, the book gives way to an opportunity for local historians, whatever their interest, to find a used for the book based on the variety of histories explored, despite the controversial topic covered.

In keeping with her argument, Serafin continually places the reader in a historical context and presents evidence to convince the reader of the existence of spirits in the Fountain City. With the paranormal topic, the author continually reminds her readers that the information presented is only what some have said about the presence of certain otherworldly beings and leaves the decision to the reader. Those interested in local histories will find the text useful whether interested in the paranormal or not.

Abby Gibbons, Columbus State University

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